



CD-1636/C
CD-1635-2A/B/E/U)
PORTABLE STEREO CASSETTE DECK



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# **Specifications**

Opecifica	cions			
Type Track system Cassettes Tape speed Frequency response Chrome *1	: Portable stereo cassette deci: 4-track, 2-channel: C-30, C-60, C-90: 4.8cm/sec: 25~18,000Hz (Nominal): 30~16,000Hz (Typical)		:	Mic jack; 2 Max. sensitivity; 0.14mV (-75dBs) Matching impedance; 200Ω~10kΩ Input jack; 2 Max. sensitivity; 78mV (-20dBs) Input impedance; 100kΩ
Regular *2	25~17,000Hz (Nominal) 30~15,000Hz (Typical) Supasses DIN 45500 •1 TP-18 or Equivale •2 QP-12 or Equivale		*	Output level; 500mV (fixed) Output impedance; 2kΩ Matching load impedance; 50kΩ or more
Signal-to-Noise ratio	: 54dB (JIS) The S/N is improved by 5d6 1kHz and by 10dB above 56 with ANRS on. 62dB with ANRS (DIN 45500, weighted)		or;	Headphone jack; 1 Output level; 0.3mW Matching impedance; 8Ω Min. input level; 11mV (-37dBs) Input impedance; 9.2kΩ
Effect of Super ANRS Improvement of Signal-to-Noise ratio Improvement of				Output level; 500mV Output impedance; 2kΩ Matching load impedance; 50kΩ or more
frequency response	: OVU recording; 6dB at 10k +5VU recording; 12dB at 16		:	Output; 1.2W (distortion, 10%) Impedance; 4Ω
Improvement of distortion	: OVU recording; 3% or less at +5dB recording; 3% or less at		:	Diameter; 10cm DC 9V (U1 x 6) External DC power; 8~16V
Wow and flutter	: 0,08% (WRMS) 0,20% (DIN 45511)			AC power; 120V, 60Hz for CD-1636/C
Crosstalk Harmonic distortion	: 65d8 : 1.2% (standard tape)			240V, 50Hz for CD-1635-2A/B
Bias	: AC bias (95kHz)			220V, 50Hz for CD-1635-2E
Erasure	: AC erasure			100V,110~120V,200V
Heads	<ul> <li>2 heads</li> <li>SA head for recording/plays</li> <li>and ferrite head for erasure</li> </ul>		;	50/60Hz for CD-1635-2U 9W Approx. 12 hours of continuous
Motor	: DC coreless motor	Doctor I me	-	recording (on super type batteries)
Recording time	2 x 30 minutes with the			tootonia for sales, at he waster test

CD-1635-2, CD-1636 No. 4145

Recording time

Fast wind time

Semiconductors

Rewind time

: 2 x 30 minutes with the

: IC; 5, Transistors; 35,

Diodes; 29, SCR; 1

: 90 sec (with the C-60 cassette)

: 90 sec (with the C-60 cassette)

C-60 cassette

per track

per track

**Dimensions** 

Weight

Approx. 5 hours of continuous

: 14-1/4(width) x 3-7/8(height)

: 11.5 (bs (including 6 batteries)

x 9-1/2(depth) in.

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice,

recording (on regular type batteries)

### **Features**

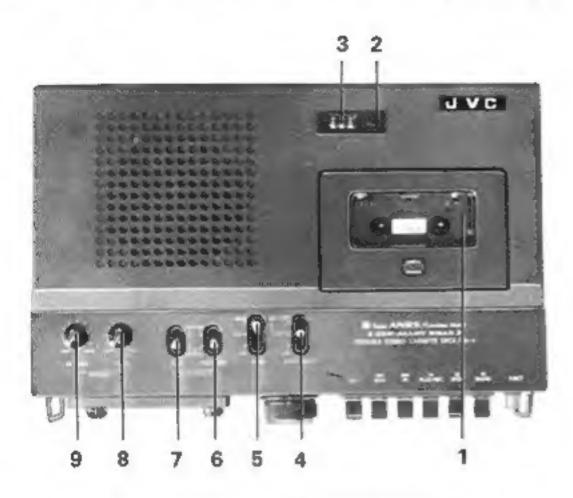
- High Performance
- \* Power-saving Design
- \* Coreless Motor
- Built-in ANRS (U.S. Pat. 375 7254 and 376 9612) and Super ANRS
- \* Sen-alloy Head
- \* Full Auto Stop
- \* Tape Select Switches

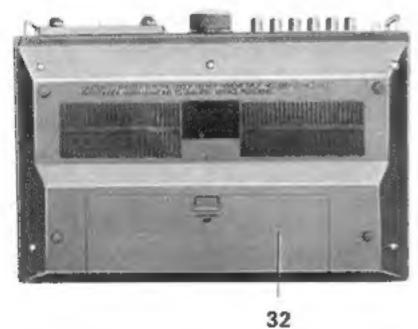
- \* High-linearity Amplifier
- High-precision Mechanisms
- Input Select Switch and Microphone Attenuator
- \* Master Recording Volume Control
- External DC Power Connection Terminal
- Built-in Large Speaker
- \* REC MODE Select Switch

10

Front Panel Protectors

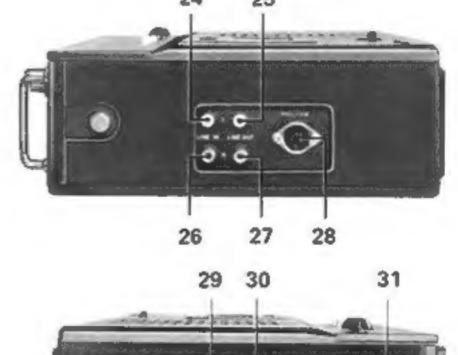
### **Controls and Connections**

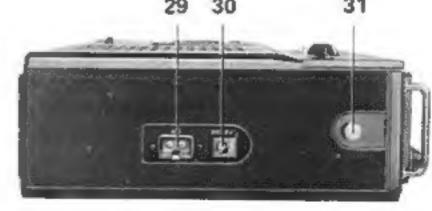




34 11 12 13 14 33 22 23 34 24 25

15 16 17 18 19 20 21





Cassette door

- 2 Reset button
- 3 Tape counter
- 4 Input selector switch [INPUT SELECT]
- 5 ANRS switch [ANRS]
- 6 Equalizer switch (EQUALIZER)
- 7 Bias switch [BIAS]
- 8 Speaker tone control [TONE]
- 9 Speaker volume control [PB LEVEL]
- 10 Level meters
- 11 Left recording level control [REC LEVEL]
- 12 Check switch [batt/VU light]
- 13 Right recording level control [REC LEVEL]
- 14 Master recording volume control [REC MASTER]
- 15 Record button [REC]
- 16 Rewind button [REW]
- 17 Fast forward button [FF]

- Fig. 1
  - 18 PLAY/REC button [PLAY/REC]
  - 19 STOP button [STOP]
  - 20 PAUSE button [PAUSE]
  - 21 EJECT button [EJECT]
  - 22 Microphone jacks [L-MIC-R]
  - 23 Headphone jack [PHONES]
  - 24 Left auxiliary input jack [LINE IN]
  - 25 Left auxiliary output jack [LINE OUT]
  - 26 Right auxiliary input jack [LINE IN]
  - 27 Right auxiliary output jack [LINE OUT]
  - 28 Record/playback DIN jack [REC/PB]
  - 29 AC input terminal [AC]
  - 30 DC input terminal [DC 12V]
  - 31 Shoulder belt holder
  - 32 Battery cover
  - 33 REC MODE select switch
  - 34 Front panel protectors

### **New Techniques**

#### Sen Alloy Head

#### Features of the SEN-ALLOY head

Highly resistant to wear and long in service life
 The SEN-ALLOY head has a service life as long as that
 of a ferrite head because the area of it which comes into
 contact with the tape is made of SENDUST ALLOY
 with a hardness comparable to that of ferrite.
 Additionally, unlike ferrite, SENDUST ALLOY is not
 subject to chipping cracking, so that a long life and
 stable performance are assured.

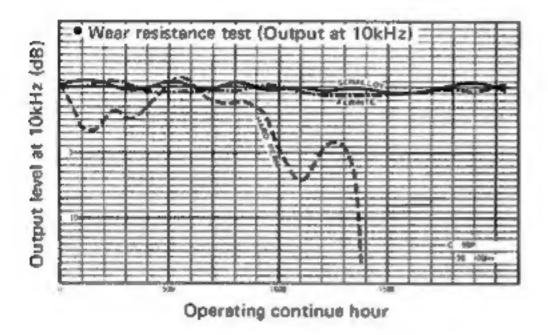


Fig. 2

#### 2. Excellent overall sound quality

Because the core on which the coil is wound is made from permalloy and the area which comes into contact with the tape is made from SENDUST ALLOY, high gap accuracy can be assured as with ferrite heads, so that frequency response at high frequencies is sufficiently extended. As the maximum flux density of the SENDUST ALLOY used for the gap section is much higher than that of ferrite and higher than that of permalloy, distortion of high level signals in recording is reduced and linearity is improved. This gives big advantages over ferrite heads when using the new high performance tape and chrome tape. From the viewpoint of overall sound quality, the sound is not so hard as that from ferrite heads; it is natural, high resolution sound like from permalloy heads.

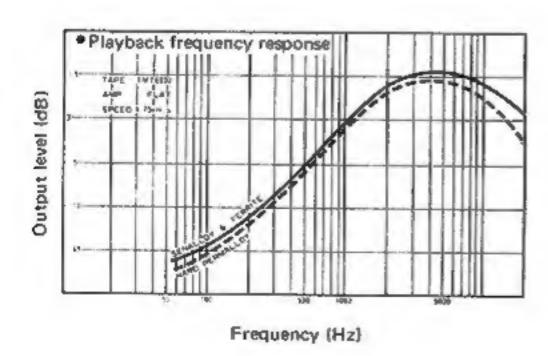


Fig. 3

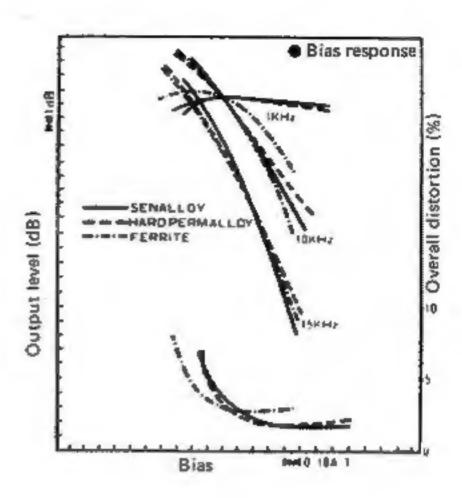


Fig. 4

#### 3. No detectable noise

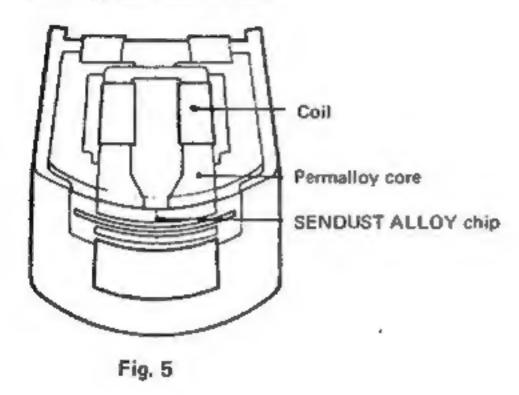
Like the permalloy head, the SEN-ALLOY head is made entirely from metal. This eliminates Barkhausen noise, one of the principal drawbacks of ferrite heads which results from non-uniform crystallization and large magnetic domains (units of molecules to be magnetized). Tape contact noise has been reduced to the same level as with permalloy heads.

- 4. Characteristics stable against temperature fluctuations As the Curie temperature of SENDUST ALLOY — that is, the temperature at which it loses its magnetic properties — is 500°C, much higher than the 100°C or so of ferrite and relatively higher than the 450°C of permalloy, the characteristics of the SEN-ALLOY head are highly stable, even when the temperature where it is used fluctuate widely.
- 5. Magnetization characteristic suitable as the head material The higher the coercivity of the core, the more difficult is it for it to lose its magnetization once it is magnetized. This is the reason when heads become magnetized. As time passes, the head becomes more and more magnetized and this is heard as noise in playback. As the coercivity of SENDUST ALLOY used in the SEN-ALLOY head is about half of that of ferrite, its magnetization characteristic is almost the same as that of permalloy. Because of this, there is no need to demagnetize the head so often and trouble-free cassette playback is long assured.

#### SEN-ALLOY head construction

The coil is wound on a laminated permalloy core and at the end of this core, where the tape comes into contact, a chip of SENDUST ALLOY whose hardness is comparable to that of ferrite and whose magnetic properties are superior to those of permalloy is bonded at a high temperature.

#### Sen-alloy head construction



#### Comparison table of the characteristics of typical heads

	Sen-alloy	Ferrite	Permalloy
Wear resistance, partial wear resistance — Is head surface sufficiently hard?	0	0	Δ
Frequency response — Can gap accuracy be guaranteed?	0	0	0
Distortion in recording – Is maximum flux density high?	©	Δ	0
Noise – Is it free from noise characteristic of core material?	0	Δ	0
Magnetization Is coercivity of core material low?	0	Δ	0
Overall sound quality	0	Δ	0

Fig. 6-1

#### Photos comparing wear resistances of typical heads

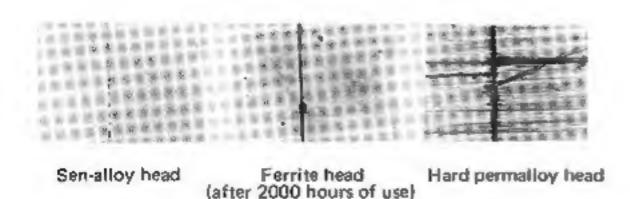


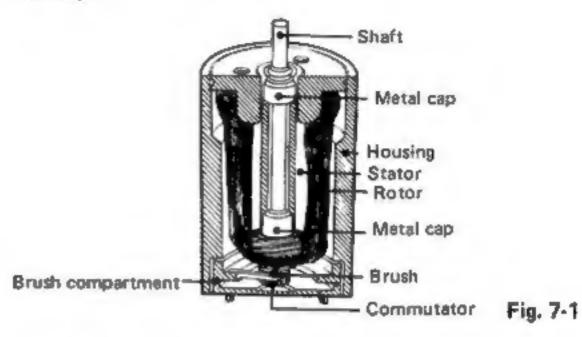
Fig. 6-2

#### Coreless Motor

The Coreless Motor with its high efficiency, low inertia, high reliability and long service life was developed for use in data recorders, measuring equipment and precision machinery. It is a d.c. servomotor with superb accuracy and reliability.

#### Construction of Coreless Motor

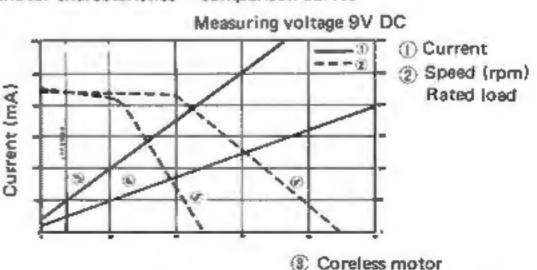
A conventional d.c. motor consists of a solid rotor surrounded by a coil and ring-shaped magnet. The difference between the Coreless Motor and conventional motor can be seen from the following diagram. The stator is in the center and this is surrounded by the cup-shaped rotor which is a coil. The shaft runs through the center of this cup.



#### Features

- Core loss which is a drawback of the conventional motor. is eliminated because of the construction, with the rotor being a coil without a core. Good starting and efficient running are possible because, by enlarging the magnetic area and increasing the number of windings, the magnetic flux density is greater than in a conventional motor.
- The rotor is light and has a lower monent of inertia. It responds more rapidly to changes in driving torque, following control signals more precisely.
- 3. The inductance of the coil is low, the reactance voltage developed during rectification is low and the neutral point varies less, so that sparking between the commutator and brushes is minimized. With less sparking, noise is reduced, brushes have a longer service life and stability is improved; consequently the overall life of the motor is lengthened.
- 4. The motor revolves smoothly with stable speed because the commutator is divided into seven segments or individual coils while the conventional d.c. motor has three coils.

Motor characteristics - comparison curves



- Fig. 7-2

Conventional d.c. motor

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#### Super ANRS Recording and Playback

#### 1. What is Super ANRS

Super ANRS is an extension of ANRS, vastly improving the linearity of cassette tape at high frequencies is addition to eliminating tape hiss.

Fig. 8 shows the relationship between signal levels in recording and playback. As you can see, when the frequency is 1kHz this relationship is linear up to almost +10dB whereas, when the frequency is 10kHz it is linear only to slightly more than -10dB. Fig. 9 shows frequency response curves for different signal levels. As the level of the signal rises, the linearity ceases at lower frequencies. In most kinds of music, however, high frequency components around 10kHz are at a lower level than low and middle frequency components, When the music is recorded at around 0VU, the high frequency components are usually recorded at -30dB or -20dB and so they are recorded without any attenuation.

However, there are passages where the insufficient linearity and dynamic range make themselves felt — music dominated by cymbals, the clapping of hands and certain vocal sounds. The highs are not reproduced as clearly and powerfully as in the original performance.

Recent improvements in cassette sound, in tapes, circuitry and heads, have raised its level almost to that of open-reel equipment. But, because of their lower tape speed, narrower track width and subsequent lower signal strength, cassette decks are still inferior to open-reel decks in linearity and S/N at high frequencies. The problem of S/N has been solved by ANRS and Dolby\*, but the problem of linearity and dynamic range remained until now, with the advent of JVC's Super ANRS.

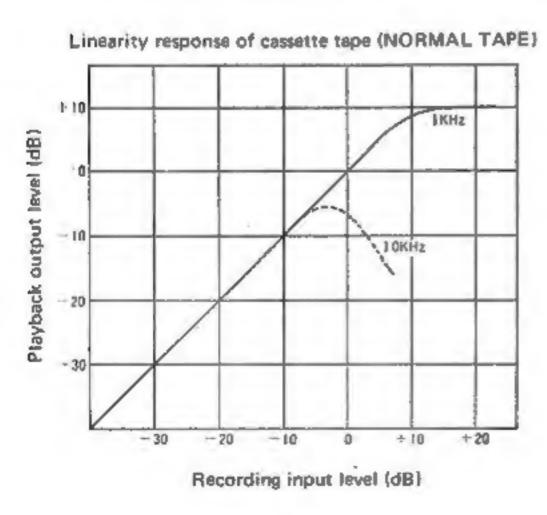


Fig. 8

Dolby is a trademark of Dolby Laboratories Inc.

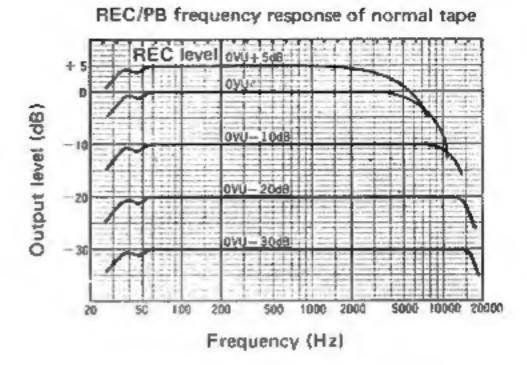


Fig. 9

#### 2. Principles of Super ANRS

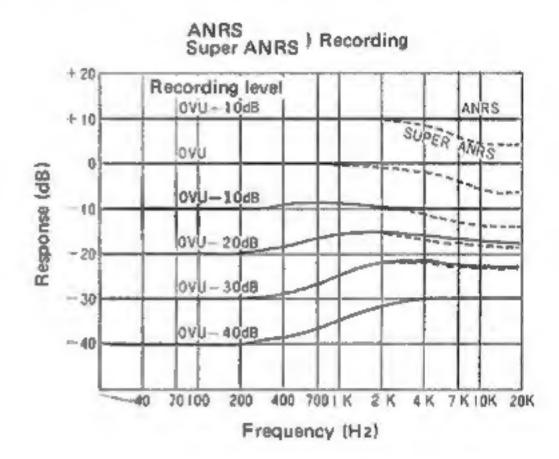


Fig. 10

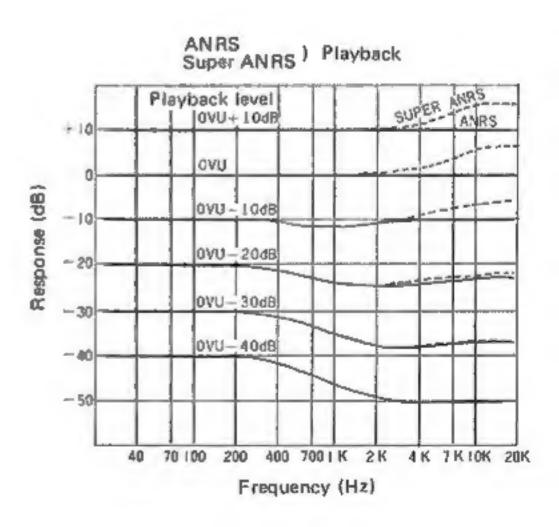


Fig. 11

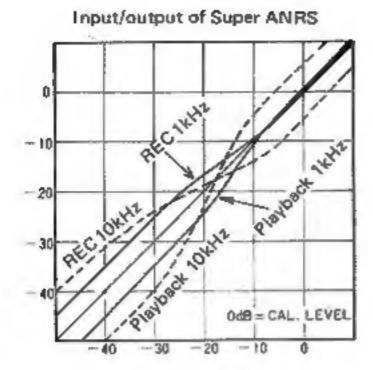


Fig. 12

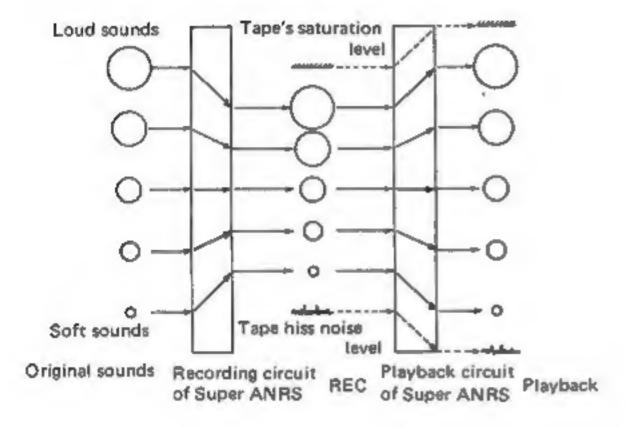


Fig. 13

In Figs. 10, and 11, the solid curves are for ANRS and the dotted curves are for Super ANRS.

As you can see from Fig. 10, ANRS records high frequency signals at the same level as that at which they are input when the level is high and boosts the level when the signals are weak. When Super ANRS is added to this, Super ANRS reduces the level of high frequency signals at high levels. The characteristics in playback, as seen in Fig. 11, are completely complementary so that the original sound is faithfully reproduced.

Fig. 12 shows the input/output characteristics of Super ANRS. It works in the same way as ANRS for low level sounds, eliminating tape hiss; for high level signals, it works as a dynamic range expander.

Fig. 13 is an illustration of this principle. The sizes of the circles indicate the level of the sound; big circles for loud sounds, small circles for soft sounds. Super ANRS reduces higher level sounds and boosts lower level sounds in recording. These processed sounds are recorded on tape. In this way, loud sounds which would have exceeded the tape's saturation level and soft sounds which would have been obscured by tape hiss can be recorded. In playback, Super ANRS returns all recorded signals to their original levels; tape hiss is reduced to an inaudible level and the effective saturation level of the tape is raised, allowing a wider dynamic range.

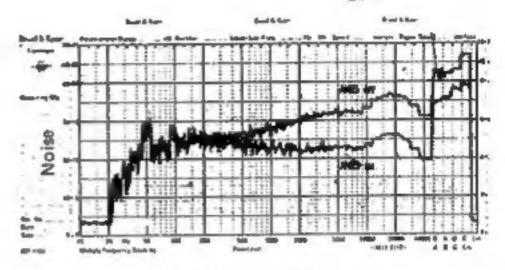
#### 3. Effects of Super ANRS

#### 1) Noise Reduction

High frequency tape hiss noise is eliminated without affecting the original music signal, as with ANRS, improving the S/N ratio by 5dB at 1kHz and 10dB at 5kHz and more.

Improvement of linearity a high frequencies
 Linearity at high frequencies is improved by 6dB at
 10kHz for 0VU recording and 12dB at 10kHz for +5VU
 recording (Normal tape) as shown in Fig. 15.





Frequency (Hz)

Fig. 14

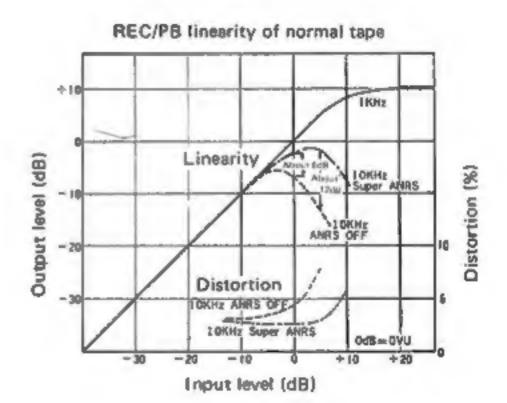


Fig. 15

These can be seen from the frequency response characteristics shown in Fig. 16-1 and 16-2.

#### Frequency response of REC/PB at OVU (NORMAL)

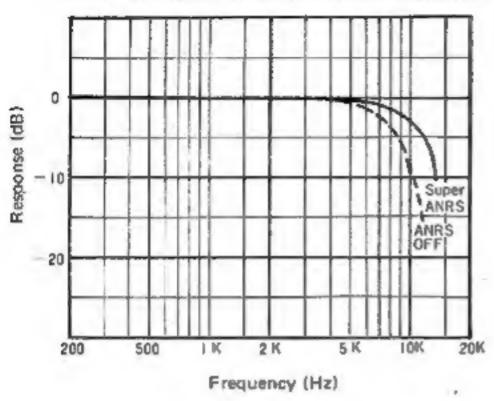


Fig. 16-1

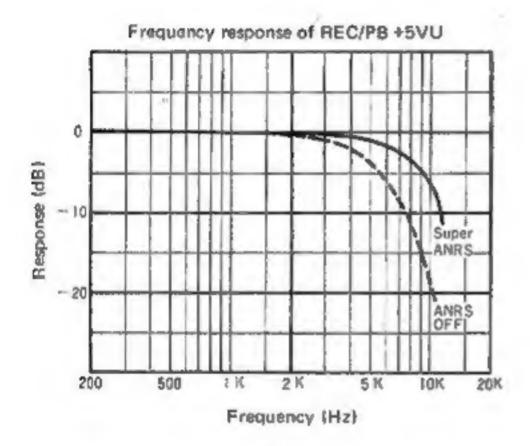


Fig. 16-2

#### 4. Circuit Description

Basically, the Super ANRS circuit consists of the variable impedance circuit of ANRS and an additional high-cut filter element formed by R341, R518 and C510.

When the input signal level is low (when R and C take increased values), the circuit characteristics are exactly the same as for ANRS. As the input level rises (with decreasing R and C values), the high-cut filter circuit begins to operate, giving the characteristics shown in Fig. 17.

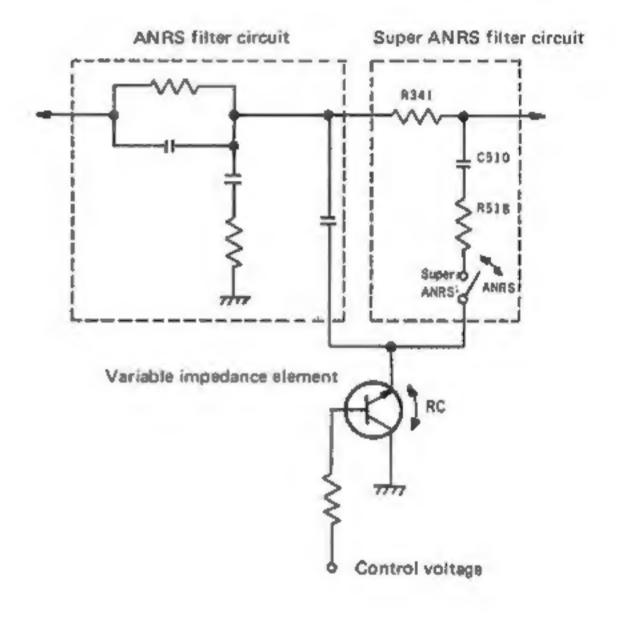


Fig. 17

# Main Parts Removing & Replacement

This cassette deck which features a compact design and performance uses miniature-sized parts which are closely arranged. Use special care when servicing it.

#### **Enclosure Assembly**

Parts Name	Procedure	Ref. No.	Remarks
Bottom cover	Remove the battery case, and then can be removed battery. (6 cells)     Remove 6 screws fastening the bottom cover.     Pull out 2 wire tips for the battery.	[18] ①	In battery case is fixed 1 screw (3¢8mm) Orange, black wires
Control knobs	Pull out to front or upper side.		PB level control knob Tone control knob REC level control knobs (left and right) REC volume control knob
Top panel	<ol> <li>Press [EJECT] button, and the cassette cover will swing open, then remove 1 screw.</li> <li>Remove 3 screws fastening the top panel.</li> <li>Remove 4 tapping screws fastening the top panel.</li> <li>Pull out 2 wire tips to speaker, then can be removed the top panel.</li> </ol>	[19] ② [21] ③ [21] ④	Black screws 3¢ 4mm  Black screws 3¢ 6mm  (front side of top panel)  Black screws 3¢ 3mm  (front side of top panel)
Front panel	1. Remove 5 tapping screws.  2. Remove 2 screws (left side).  3. Pull out the front panel to front side.	[22,25,26] (5)	Upper(1 pc.), under(1 pc.) and right(3 pcs.) sides, 3¢ 6mm

#### **Electric Parts**

Parts Name	Procedure	Ref. No.	Remarks
Main amp circuit board	Remove 4 screws fastening main amp circuit board.     Remove 2 screws fixing the bracket (heat sink plate) of transistors, and then remove shield board.	[21] <b>6</b> ] [24] <b>7</b> ]	Violet screws
ANRS circuit board	Remove 4 screws fastening ANRS circuit board, and then remove shield board.	[21] (8)	Violet screws
Switch circuit board	<ol> <li>Remove 2 screws fastening SW circuit board.</li> <li>Pull out 4 blind felts of switch shaft.</li> <li>Remove 4 screws fastening the switches.</li> <li>Remove 2 nuts and washers fastening variable resistors.</li> <li>Pull out switch circuit board to back side.</li> </ol>	[23] (9) [23] (10) [23] (11)	PB level control VR, Tone control VR
Power transformer	Remove 2 screws and washers (as same nuts) fastening power transformer.	[20] 12	

#### Mechanical Parts

Parts Name	Procedure	Ref. No.	Remarks
Mecha ass'y	1. Remove ANRS circuit board. 2. Remove muting bracket. 3. Remove 3 screws fastening circuit board. (upper and under side of mecha ass'y)	[27] (3) [27] (4)	
Motor ass'y	<ol> <li>Disconnect 2 wires to motor circuit board.</li> <li>Remove capstan belt.</li> <li>Remove 2 screws fastening bracket of motor circuit board.</li> <li>Remove 3 screws (as same washers and rubber bushings) fastening motor.</li> </ol>	[27] (15) [28] (16)	Red, black wires  Don't soil belt
Pinch roller arm ass'y	Remove E ring pinch roller arm ass'y.     Remove pinch roller arm spring.     (for pressure adjustment)	[27] ①	
Take-up reel (right side)	Remove E ring holding take-up reel.     Remove take-up reel from shaft.	[27] (18)	
Supply reel (left side)	Remove E ring holding supply reel.     Remove supply reel from shaft.	[27] 19	
Flywheel	1. Remove capstan belt. 2. Remove 2 screws fixing flywheel holder. 3. Remove E ring holding take-up idler arm. 4. Pull out flywheel.	[28] (20) [28] (21)	Don't soil belt.

[Note] Almost all the mechanical parts can be adjusted and replaced when only the ANRS circuit board is removed.



Fig. 18

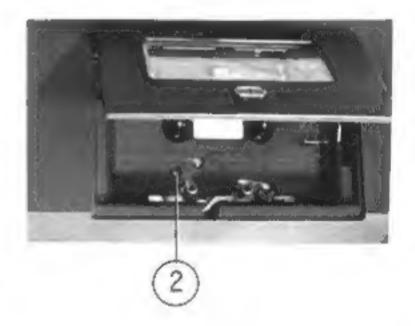


Fig. 19

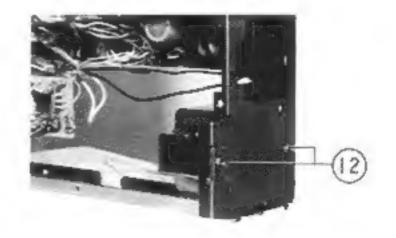


Fig. 20

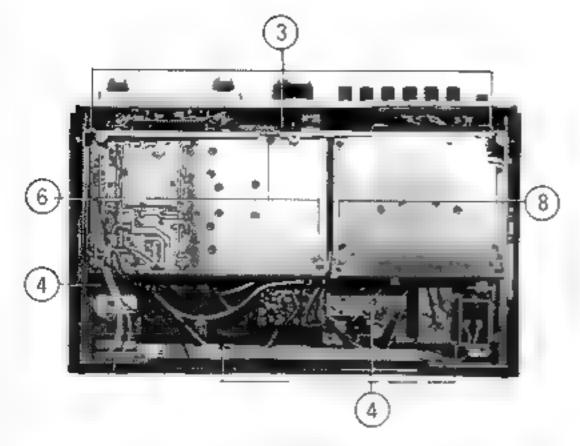


Fig. 21

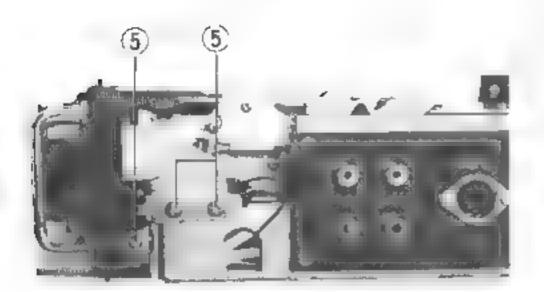


Fig. 22

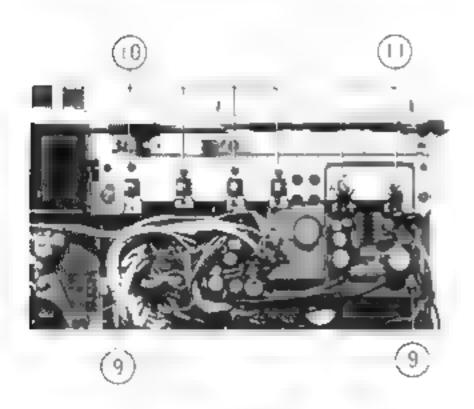


Fig 23

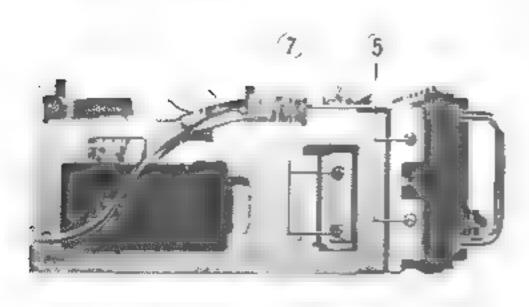
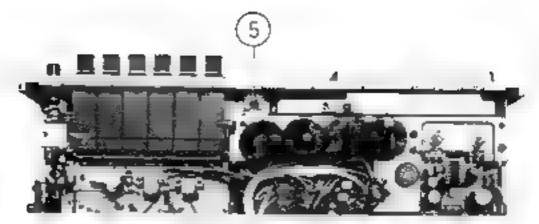
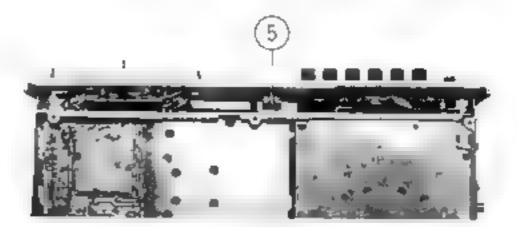


Fig 24



F1g. 25



Ftg. 26

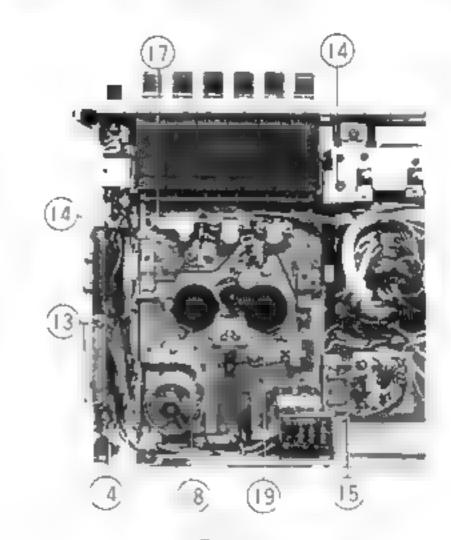


Fig. 27

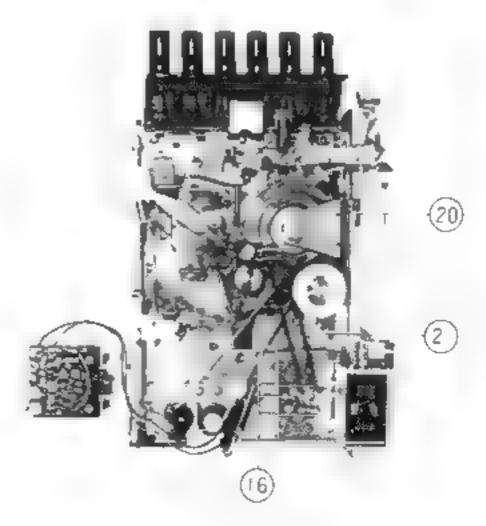


Fig. 28

# Main Adjustments

#### **Electrical Adjustments**

Equipment and measuring instruments used for adjustment.

- 1. Audio-frequency oscillator
- 2. Attenuator
- 3. V.T.V.M (measuring AC in milivolts)
- 4. Test tapes (VTT-664 1kHz 16mM)

- Blank tapes (QP-12 C521V standard tape), TP-18 CrO2 C401R (CrO2 tape) or equivalent.
- 6. Resistors 100 $\Omega$  (for measurement of the bias current) 600 $\Omega$  (for attenuator matching)

No.	ltem	Procedure	Part	Rating	Remarks
1.	Level meter deflection	<ol> <li>Set the deck in the record mode.</li> <li>Input 1kHz signals from MIC or LINE IN jacks (with a level of -60dB approx, for MIC input or -10dBs approx, for LINE IN input.)         Adjust the recording volume controls so that the voltage across LINE OUT is -8dBs.</li> <li>Adjust two semi-fixed variable resistors R134(L-ch) R234(R-ch) so that the level meters indicate zero VU.</li> </ol>	R134	VU meter reading 0	The angle of meter deflection has been factory-adjusted, but should be adjusted when parts are replaced.
2.	Reproduction level	Adjust R115 and R215 to obtain zero VU meter reading using reference tape VTT-664 1kHz 16mM (old ref. no. TMT-6009). Set equalizer switch in "NORMAL" position and turn off ANRS switch when adjusting reproduction level.	R115 R215	VU meter reading: 0	Adjust reproduction level when heads are replaced.     Make this adjustment after making sure level meter deflection angle is correct.
3.	Plas	1. Set the deck in the record 2. Connect a 100\alpha resistor into the ground side (at recording mode) wiring of the head. 3. Connect the AC V.T.V.M across the resistor, and measure its voltage.  R/P HEAD  Fig. 29  If no measuring apparatus is available, check in the following way  Music sound is not sonorous in the high range on playback: bias current is too high.  Music sound is also sonorous in the high range on playback but distorted bias current is too low.	Standard tape. R555,557 CrO2 tape: R556,558 (BIAS ADJ)	Approx. 37mV Approx. 47mV	<ol> <li>Adjust recording bias current when heads are replaced.</li> <li>Use a measuring apparatus of excellent frequency characteristic.</li> <li>Be sure to connect resistor to head terminal. It is recommended to check the following after adjustment. (ANRS - OFF)         (Set EQ and BIAS switches according to type of tape used.)</li> <li>Obtain zero VU meter reading at 1kHz, attenuate signal by 20dB, record and play at 1 and 10kHz.         Then adjust bias current so that measuring apparatus shows the same output at 1 and 10kHz.         Then adjust bias current to change with distortion affection.</li> </ol>

No.	ltem	Procedure	Part	Rating	Remarks
4	Recording	A: Adjustment for normal tape {Use JVC reference tape.}  1. Set the deck in the record mode.  2. Input 1kHz signals from MIC or AUX IN jacks and make recording in such a way that the level meters indicate zero VU.  3. Adjust R142 and R242 till reproduction level is reduced to zero when the reference tape is played.  B: Adjustment for CrO2 tape (Use JVC reference tape.)  1. Set the deck in the record mode.  2. Input 1kHz signals from MIC or AUX IN jacks and make recording in such a way that the level meters indicate zero VU.  3. Adjust R138, and R238 till reproduction level is reduced to zero when the reference tape is played.	R142,242 (REC LEVEL NOR) R138,238 (REC LEVEL CHROM)		<ol> <li>This adjustment is necessary when heads are replaced.</li> <li>Make this adjustment after adjusting level meter deflection angle, reproduction level and recording bias current.</li> <li>Set EQ and BIAS switches according to type of tape used.</li> <li>Turn off ANRS switch.</li> </ol>
5	ANRS circuit	<ol> <li>Disconnect power connection receptable of bias oscillator so that oscillator does not operate.</li> <li>Set the deck in the record mode</li> <li>Input 1kHz –10dBs signals from LINE IN jacks adjust the recording volume controls so that the voltage across LINE OUT is –5dBs.</li> <li>Turn R335 and R435 (CONT GAIN) and R340 and R440 (DC BIAS) in the direction opposite to the marking</li> <li>Adjust R324 and R424 so that level does not change when ANRS is turned on and off, and turn on ANRS.</li> <li>Input 1kHz, –50dBs signals from LINE IN.         Adjust R340 and R440 so that voltage across LINE OUT is –39.5dBs.</li> <li>Input 5kHz –30dBs signals from LINE IN Adjust R335 and R435 so that voltage across LINE OUT is –21 5dBs.</li> <li>Repeat steps (5) through (7).</li> <li>Turn ANRS swtich in "Super" position when input 10kHz –10dBs signals from LINE IN Check output levels are –11dBs ±2dB.</li> <li>Connect receptable of bias oscillator disconnected in step (1).</li> <li>Play reference tape VTT-664 and adjust R302 and R402 so that level does not change when ANRS is turned on and off.</li> </ol>	R324,424 (REC GAIN) R340,440 (DC BIAS) R335,435 (CONT GAIN)		
6.	Battery	<ol> <li>Apply exactly 6V to battery contacts and switch machine to play or fast forward.</li> <li>Turn down battery check switch in "CHECK" position and adjust so that meter pointer deflects to the other end of green area.</li> </ol>			Do not mistake one polarity for the other.  Fig. 31

# **Block Diagram**

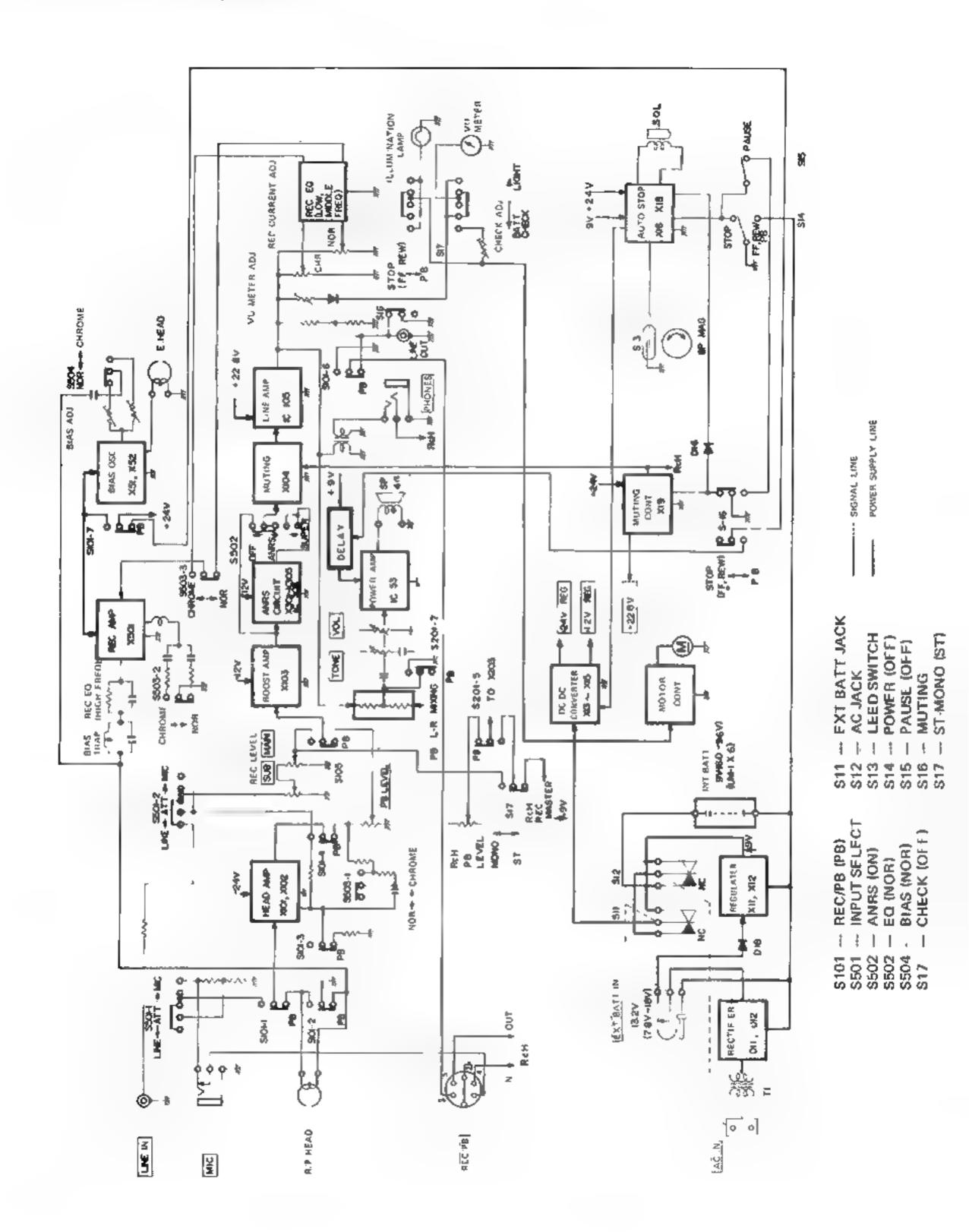


Fig. 32

Manialala Dania	<b>*</b>		Transistor &		
Variable Resis					
R115,215	P B Level Adj.	50kΩ	X101,201	2\$A721(TU)	
R134,234	Meter Adj.	1kΩ	X102,202	2SC1327(TU)	
R138,238	REC Level Adj. (chrome)	<b>20</b> kΩ	X103,203	2SC1327(TU)	
R142,242	~ (normal)	20kΩ	X104,204	2SC828(RS)	
R302,402	ANRS P.B Gain Adj.	10kΩ	IC105,205	TA7066P(B)	
R324,424	ANRS REC Gain Adj.	10kΩ	X301,401	2SC1327(TU)	
R335,435	ANRS Control Gain Adj.	20kΩ	X302,402	2SC933FP	
R340,440	ANRS DC Bias Adj.	100kΩ	X303,403	2SA721(TU)	
R556,558	Bias Current Adj. (chrome)	100kΩ	X304,404	2SC1327(TU)	
R555,557	= (normal)	200kΩ	X305,405	2SC828(R)	
11000,007	- (11011111)	200111	IC306,406	TA7066P(BC)	
Controls			X501,601	2SC828A(R)	
Switch			X51,52	2SC828A(RS)	
S101-1~7	REC-PB SW at "PB" mode		IC53	LA4102	
(201)			X11	2SC828(RS)	
S301-1~4			X12	2SD313(DE)	
(401)			X13	2SC828(R)	
\$501-1~2	INPUT SW at "LINE" mode		X14	2SC1384(R)	
(601)			X15	2SC13S4(R)	
\$502	ANRS SW at "OFF"		X16	2SC828(RS)	
(602)			X17	2SC828A(RS)	
\$503-1~3	EQ SW at "NORMAL"				
(603)			X18	2SA564A(RS)	
S504	BIAS SW at "NORMAL"		X19	2SA564A(RS)	
(604)			X20	2SC1383(RS)	
S17-1~2	CHECK SW at "OFF"		X21	2SC828(RS)	
S11	EXT, BATT JACK				
S12	AC JACK				
S13	REED SW		747	- 5	
S14	POWER SW at "OFF"		106		
S15	PAUSE SW at "OFF"		Long	Y Y	2\$D313
\$16	MUTING SW		_	В	
S17	REC MODE select SW at "Ster	en" mode			
017	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Diode			Y E		
	40400414			2	
D101,201	1S188AM		11 =	3	TA 5000B
D102,202	1S188AM		il E	<b></b> (	TA7066P
X103,203	MA-150		-	5	
D301,401	1\$188FM			6	
D392,402	1S188EM			7	
D31	MA26W				
D11-1,-2	T30154-001				LA4102
D12-1,-2 <sup>1</sup>	or V06B				674105
XD13	RD10E(1)				14 3,211(09 8
D14	MA150			7	
D15	1S188AM		- Loui	LCARDA -	
D16	MA150		{ }m	ALALA No.	234567
D17,18	T30155-001 or V068		1 2	3 4 5 6 7	
D19	MA26W				
ZD20	RD-22E(1)				
D21	MA162				
D22	MA161			_	2SA721
D23	MA150		<del>-7</del> .	В В	2SC1327
D24,25	MA150			C	2SC828
D26	MA450			E	2SC828A
[SCR]					2SA564A
	2SF656				2SC933FP
					230333FF

Fig. 33

# **Circuit Board Parts**

#### Main Amp Circuit Board

Red print is shown the voltage (V) of playback mode.

( ) voltage; at recording mode.

When you measure the voltage by tester, we recommend you to use  $20k\Omega/V$  or more impedance tester.

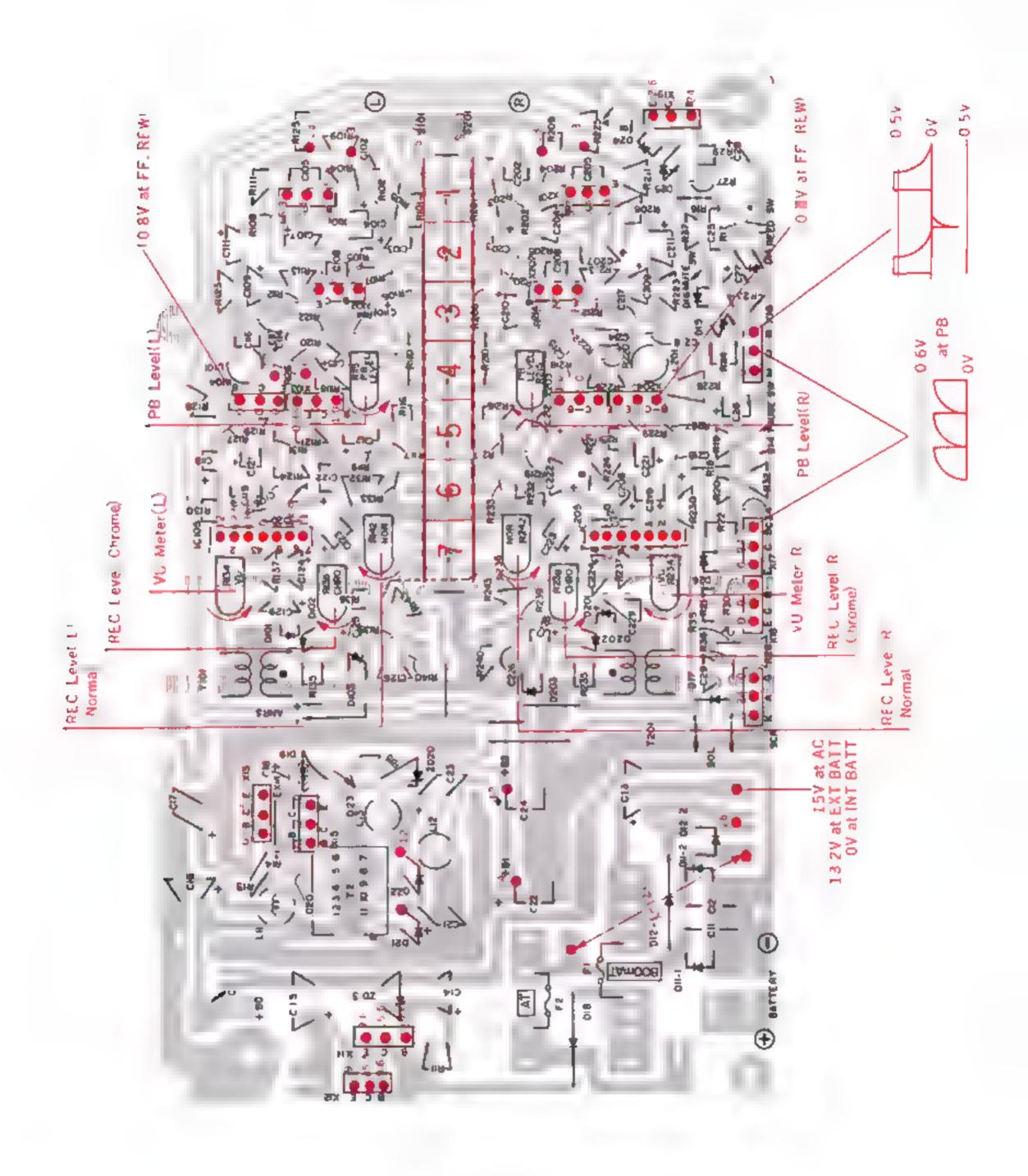


Fig. 34

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Ren	narks	Q'ty
	*TAA304201-02	Circuit Board			1
	QMG1321-001	Fuse Holder			2
	*QMF51A2-R80	Fuse	A8.0		1
	a -180	-	10		1
	TAZ000445-06	Fuse Seal	800mAT		1
	" -O1	*	1.0AT		1
	LPSP2608Z	Screw	for fuse hold	ler	2
REC/PB AMP)					
5101,201	T31519-001	Slide Switch	4001 -	44441	1
R102,202	QRZ0019-104	C. Resistor (Low noise)	100kΩ	14W	2
R103,203	823	- ( - )	82kΩ	**	2
1105,205,136,236	QRD143K-563	C. Resistor	56kΩ	40	4
3109,209,114,214	" -104	-	100kΩ	=	4
3119,219	"    -823	a .	82kΩ	44	2
3104,204,108,208	· -274	-	270kΩ	at .	4
R106,206	·· -221	"	220Ω	117	2
107,207	" -391	-	390Ω	-	2
R110,210,128,228,	» -473	-	47kΩ	-	10
129,229,139,239,	*				
143,243					
3111,211	→ -103		10kΩ	of	2
1112,212,116,216	·· -102	Al .	1kΩ	er	4
3113,213	<b>~</b> -121	-a	120Ω	er	2
1115,215	QVP8AOB-054	V. Resistor	50kΩ	49	2
117,217	QRD143K-224	C, Resistor	220kn		2
1118,218	" -394	44	390kΩ	4	2
120,220	» -472	-	4.7kΩ	44	2
121,221	» -5 <b>6</b> 1	-	560Ω	R	2
1122,222,124,224	« -123	10	12kn	89	4
123,223	a -223		22kΩ	R	2
1125,225	821		820a	я	2
1126,226	822	-	8.2kΩ	96	2
1127,227	· -562	-	5.6kΩ	44	2
3130,230	» -471	H	470Ω	94	2
131,231	» -181	-	180Ω	a	2
132,232	· -332		3.3kn	44	2
133,233	<b>⊸</b> -682	e e	6.8kΩ	de .	2
R134,234	QVP8A0B-013	V Resistor	1kΩ	В	2
135,235	QRD143K-2R7	C. Resistor	2,7Ω	1/4W	2
R137,237	» -151		150Ω	44	2
138,238,142,242	QVP8A0B-024	V Resistor	20kΩ	В	4
1140,240	QRD143K-393	C. Resistor	39ka	14W	2
102,202	QCS11HK-331	Ceramic Capacitor	330PF		2
103,203	QEE41EM-475	Tantal E. Capacitor	47µF	25V	2
104,204	QEB41EM-476	LLC E. Capacitor	47µF	év	2
105,205	QCS11HK-471	Ceramic Capacitor	470PF		2
106,206	QEB41HM-474M	E. Capacitor	10 <sub>4</sub> F		
C107,207	QEB41EM-336	LLC E. Capacitor	33 <sub>4</sub> F	25V	2
0108,208	QCS11HK-470	Ceramic Capacitor	47PF		2
C109,209	QEW41AA-107	E. Capacitor	100PF	10V	2
C110,210	QEB41EM-105	LLC E. Capacitor	1 <sub>µ</sub> F	25V	2
C111,211	QEW41EA-476	E. Capacitor	47µF	**	1 2
112,212	QE841EM-475	LLC E. Capacitor	4.7µF	4	
C114,214	QEW41CA-106	E Capacitor	10 <sub>#</sub> F	,,	1 2
C115,215	QEW41AA-476	_ 04/05/07	47µF	10V	
C116,216	QCS11HJ-820	Ceramic Capacitor	82PF		2
C117,217	QFM41HJ-272	Mylar Capacitor	0.0027µF	50V	2
	QEW41EA-475	E. Capacitor	4.7µF	25V	6
C118,218,123,223,	()FVVAIFA-A-17	E. CADACILOI	7.741	201	1

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	R	emarks	Q'ty
C119,219	QEW41EA-336	E Capacitor	33 <sub>4</sub> F	25V	2
C120,220	QFM41HK-102	Mylar Capacitor	1000PF	50V	2
C121,221	QEW41EA-106	E. Capacitor	10μF	25V	2
C122,222	107	29	100µF	60	2
C125,225	QEW41AA-336		33µF	44	2
C126,226	QFM41HK-182	Mylar Capacitor	1800PF	50V	2
C129,229	QEW41EA-335	E. Capacitor	3.3µF	25V	2
L101,201	TAC000324-05	Inductor	33mH		2
T101,201	T44944-001	H.P. Trans			2
X101,201	2SA721 (TU)	Transistor			2
X102,202,103,203	2SC1327(TU)	**			4
X104,204	2SC828(RS)				2
IC105,205	TA7066P(B)	IC			2
D103,203	MA150	Diode			2
D101,102,201,202	1S188AM	**			4
(Power Supply)	ODD 142K 272	C Position	2.20-0	1/11/1	1.
R11	QRD143K-272	C. Resistor	2.7kΩ	1/4W	1
C11,12	QCF12HP-103	F Committee	0.01µF		2
C13	QEW41EA-108	E. Capacitor	F بر1000	25V	1
C14	QEW41CA-477	-	470µF	16V	1
C15	QEW41AA-338		3300 <sub>µ</sub> F	10V	1
X11	2SC828(RS)	Transistor			1
X12	2SD313(DE)	-			1
D11-1,-2,12-1,-2	T30155-001	Diode			4
D18	∨06B	~			1
ZD13	RD10E(I)	Zener Diode			1
	TAR271478-01	Heat Sink			1
	SPKP3008\$	Screw			1
	WBS3000	T. Lock Washer			1
(DC-DC Converter)					
R13	QRD143K-182	C. Resistor	1.8kn	%W	1 1
R14	" -220		22Ω	**	1 1
R15	» -102	_	1ks	40	1 1
C16,18	QEW41AA-107	E. Capacitor	100µF	10V	2
C17	227		220µF	4	1 1
C20	QFM41HJ-103	Mylar Capacitor	0.01µF	50V	1
C21	QEW41EA-476	E, Capacitor	47µF	25V	1 4
C22	- 477	E, Capacitoi	470µF	*	1 2
C23	QEW41CA-476		47µF	**	1 1
C24	477		470µF		1
L11	TAC000330-01	Inductor	330 <sub>µ</sub> F		
L12	TAC000334-02		6.8mH		
	# -04	N .	5 6mH		',
L13		Transistas	3 OIIII		;
X13	2SC828(R)	Transistor			'
X14,15	2SC1384(R)	Mariana Diada			2
D19	MA26W	Varistor Diode			1
ZD20	RD22E(1)	Zener Diode			1
D21	MA162	Diode			1
D22	MA161				1
D23	MA150				1
T2	TAZ271302-01	Converter Trans			1
	TAS271405-01	Converter Case (A)			1
	TAS271406-01	(B)			1
(Auto Stop & Mute)					
R16,18	QRD143K-104	C. Resistor	100kΩ	14W	2
R17	a -333	10	33kn	09	1
R19	100	п	10Ω	**	1
			4.7kΩ		

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
R21	QRD143K-103	C. Resistor	10kΩ ½W	1
R22	» -124	**	120kΩ -	li
R23	· -823	*	82kΩ *	li
R24	223	-	22kΩ -	l i
R27	» -153	-	1kΩ "	li
R28	102	H	15kΩ	
R29	"    -183		18kΩ "	1 1
R30,37	472	"	4.7kΩ "	2
R32	» -122	as a	1,2kΩ	1 1
R35	· -102	-	1kΩ "	li
R36	· -182		1.8kn -	li
C25	QFM41HK-104	Mylar Capacitor	0.4µF 50V	li
C26	QEW41AA-227M	E. Capacitor	220µF 10V	l i
C27	107		100µF	1
C28	QEW41EM-336	LLC E. Capacitor	33µF 25V	l i
C29	QFM41HK-333	Mylar Capacitor	0.033µF 50V	Li
C34	QCF11HP-103	Ceramic Capacitor	0.01µF	li
X16	2SC828(RS)	Transistor		. li
X17	2SC828A(RS) *			1 1
X18,19	2SA564A(RS)			2
D14,16,24,26	MA150	Diode		4
D15	1\$188AM			l i
D17	T30155-001		(100-1)	Ιį
	or V06B		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	'
	2SF656	S.C.R	i i	1
	E40516-001	Tab	1	10
	A43596-001	pr .	1	2

Red print is shown the voltage (V) of playback mode.

( ) voltage; at recording mode.

When you measure the voltage by tester, we recommend you to use  $20k\Omega/V$  or more impeadance tester.

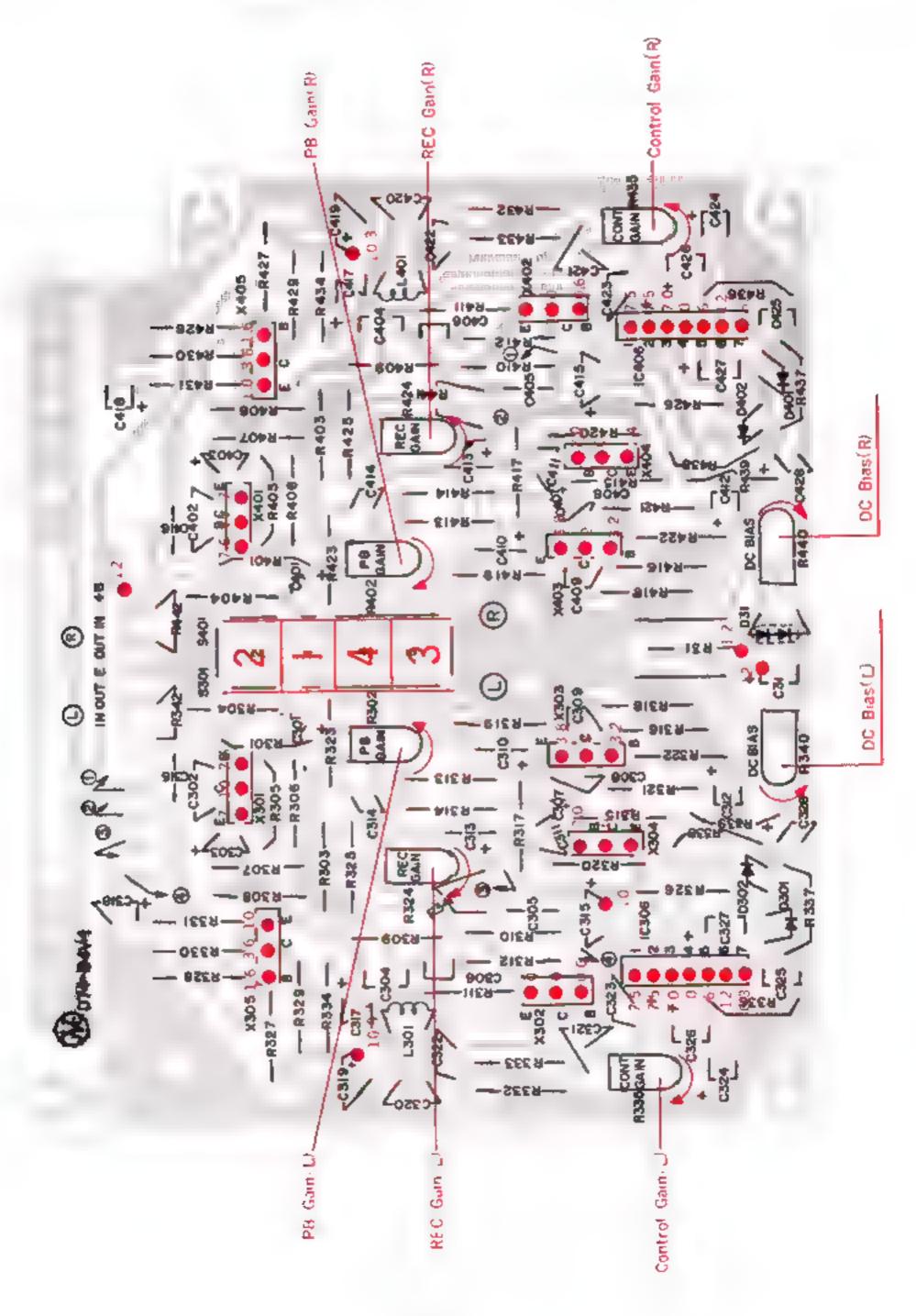


Fig. 35

#### **ANRS Circuit Board Parts List**

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
, , , , , ,	*TAA304203-01	Circuit Board		1
S301,401	OSS8201-102	Slide Switch		1 1
	QMC0627-001	Plug Ass'y	6P	1 1
	*QMC0427-001		4P	1
R31	QRD142K-153	C. Resistor	15kΩ ¼\	N 1
R301,401	· -273		27kΩ *	2
R302,402,324,424	QVP8A0B-014	V. Resistor	10kΩ B	4
R303,403	QRD142K-222	C. Resistor	2.2kΩ ¼V	V 2
R304,404,308,408,	u -473	#	47ka -	12
318,418,328,428,				
338,438,339,439				
R305,405	104	•	100kΩ "	-
R306,406	<sub>7</sub> -334	4	330kΩ "	j **
R307,407	822		8.2kn «	-
R309,409,316,416	» -274	4	270kΩ "	
R310,410	a -100	м	100 "	1 -
R311,411	» -562	-	5.6kn *	"
R312,412	· -181	"	1800 "	-
R313,413	- 683	er .	68kΩ -	-
R314,414	102	"	1kg	J =
R315,415	• -564		560kΩ **	-
R317,417	154	"	150kΩ #	-
R319,419	· -823	*	82kΩ =	-
R320,420	« -103	•	10kΩ "	-
R321,421	· -101	*	1000	-
R322,422	-332	*	3,3kΩ *	-
R323,423	183	*	18kn =	-
R325,425	· · · · · · 392	"	3.9kn *	-
R326,426,334,434	-122	"	1.2kΩ **	"
R327,427	224	"	220ksi **	-
R329,429	" -472 691	"	4.7kΩ "	
R330,430	· -681	fr .	6801 "	
R332,432	· -123		12kΩ #	I
R333,433	+ -103 QVP8A08-024	V. Resistor	10kΩ ** 20kΩ 8	2
R335,435 R336,436	QRD142K-390	C. Resistor		
R337,437	4 -333	C. Resistor	225-12	
R340,440	QVP8A0B-015	V. Resistor	100kΩ B	2
R341,441	QRD143K-332	C. Resistor	3.3kΩ 1/4V	
R342,442	· -822	C' Legiztoi	8.2kΩ 1/4V	1
C31	QEW41CA-107	E, Capacitor	100µF 16	1
C301,401,303,403	QEB41EM-335	LLC E. Capacitor	3.3 <sub>4</sub> F 25	
C302,402	QCS11HK-561	Ceramic Capacitor	560PF 50	Ţ
C304,404	QFM41HK-223	Mylar Capacitor	0.022µF	2
C305,405	« -104		0.1µF	2
C306,406	183	**	0.018µF	2
C307,407	QEE41EM-105	Tantal E. Capacitor	1μF 25	V 2
C308,408,321,421	QCS11HK-471	Ceramic Capacitor	470PF *	4
C309,409	101	M	100PF -	2
C310,410	QEE41EM-335	Tantal E, Capacitor	3.3µF «	2
C311,411	QCS11HK:270	Ceramic Capacitor	27PF 50	V 2
C312,412,326,426	QEW41AA-476	E. Capacitor	47µF 10	V 4
C313,413	QEW41CA-106	*	10 <sub>µ</sub> F 16	V 2
C314,414	QCS11HK-181	Ceramic Capacitor	180PF 50	V 2

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Rema	arks	Q'ty
C315,415	QEW41CA-476	E. Capacitor	47μF	16V	2
C316,416	QFM41HK-333	Mylar Capacitor	<b>0</b> .033μF	50V	2
C317,417	QEW41CA-475	E. Capacitor	47µF	16V	2
C318,418	QFM41HK-182	Mylar Capacitor	0.0018μF	50V	2
C319,419	QEW41CA-106		10μF	16V	2
C320,420	QCS11HJ-820	Ceramic Capacitor	82PF	50V	2
C322,422	QFM41HK-222	Mylar Capacitor	0.0022μF		2
C323,423	QEW41EA-105	E. Capacitor	1μF	25V	2
C324,424	QEW41AA-106	-	10µF	10V	2
C325,425	QC\$11HK-271	Ceramic Capacitor	270PF	50V	2
C327,427,328,428	QEB41EM-105	LLC E. Capacitor	1µF	25V	4
L301,401	TAC000324-05	Inductor			2
X301,401,304,404	2SC1327(TU)	Transistor			4
X302,402	2SD545NP-V,S				2
X303,403	2SA721(TU)	-			2
X305,405	2SC828(R)	-			2
IC306,406	TA7066P(BC)	' IC			2
D31	MA26W	Varistor Diode			1
0301,401,302,402	1\$188FM	Diode			4

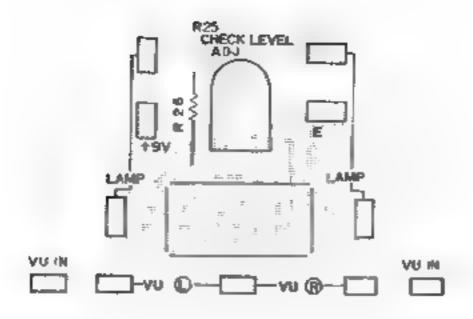


Fig. 36

#### Check Circuit Board Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
R25 R26	TAA271401-01 E40516-001 QSL2318-001 QVP8A08-024 QRD142K-123 T46729-002	Circuit Board Tab Lever Switch V. Resistor C. Resistor Lamp	for check 20kn B 12kn ¼W 6.3V 70mA	1 12 1 1 1 1 2

### **Muting Circuit Board**

Mic Jack Circuit Board

Fig. 37

### Muting Circuit Board Parts List

Fig. 38

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
R34 C32 X20 X21	TAA271507-01 QSS4201-011 QRD143K-104 QEW41CA-106 2SC1383(RS) 2SC828(RS) TF8271476-01 SBSB3006Z WBS3000	Circuit Soard Slide Switch C. Resistor E. Capacitor Transistor  Switch Bracket Tapping Screw T. Lock Washer	for muting switch 100ks %W 10µF 16V	1 1 1 1 1 1 2

#### Mic Jack Circuit Board Parts List

Ref No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Qʻty
R148,248 C131,231 C132,232 R501,601 C101,201	TAA304402-01 QRD143K-822 QCF11HP-222 QCS11HK-821 QRD143K-102 QCF41EZ-104 E40516-001	Circuit Board C. Resistor Ceramic Capacitor C. Resistor Ceramic Capacitor Tab	for Mic jack 8.2kΩ ¼W 0.0022PF 820PF 1kΩ 0.1μF	1 2 2 2 2 2 3

Red printed is shown the voltage (V) of playback mode.

) voltage; at recording mode.

When you measure the voltage by tester, we recommend you to use  $20k\Omega/V$  or more impeadance tester.

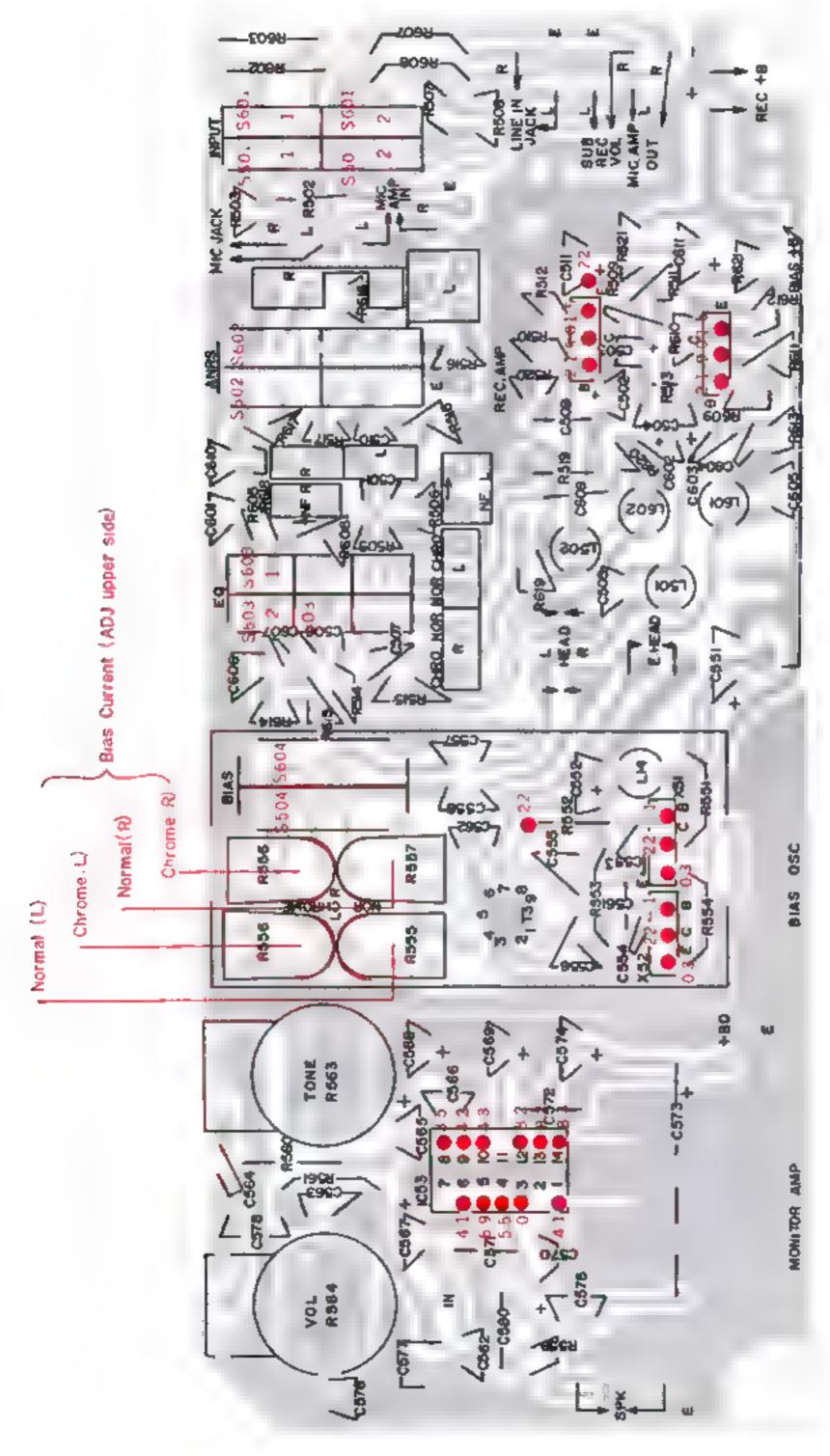


Fig. 39

#### **Switch Circuit Board Parts List**

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Qʻi
	TAA304204-01	Circuit Board		1
	E43727-002	Lapping Pin		43
	E40516-001	Tab		2
	EG9010-001			1
	QSL4324-001	Lever Switch	for INPUT Select	1
}	QSL4324-001	Ecros Omitor	for ANRS	1 7
ì	QSL2218-112		for BIAS	;
	QSL6220-001		for EQ	] ;
		Commen		1 ,
DE63 564	LPSP2606V	Screw	for SW	2
R563,564	QVG9A2A-024	V. Resistor	20kΩ for Tone, Volume	1 1
(Rec Amp)	0001404.100	0.00	1010	١.
R502	QRD143K-122	C. Resistor	1 2kΩ ¼W	
R602	QRD142K-122	-	1.2kΩ "	
R503	QRD143K-103	-	10kΩ **	
R603	QRD142K-103	-	10kΩ "	
R505,605	QRD143K-222	-	2.2kΩ *	1 3
R506,606	-392 <sub>,</sub>	M .	3.9kΩ "	7
R507,508	<del>-</del> -823	} -	82kΩ "	2
R607,608	QRD142K-823	-	82kΩ "	2
R509,609	QRD143K-564	**	560kΩ -	1
R510,610	823	-	82kΩ *	2
R511,611 (	·· -682	M	6.8kΩ =	2
R512,612	· -821		820Ω ∞	1 2
R513,613	·· -153	-	15kΩ "	1 :
R514,614,515,615	560	ar .	56Ω *	4
R516,616	. 472	M	4.7kΩ -	1 2
R517,617	564		560kΩ •	1 2
R518,618	· -122	-	1.2kΩ •	1 2
R519,619	» -103		10kΩ *	1 2
R520,620	·· -273	_	27kΩ «	1 2
R521,621	" -681		68011 "	1 2
C501,601	QFM41HJ-153	Mylar Capacitor	0.015µF 50V	
C502,602	QEW41CA-106	E. Capacitor	10 <sub>4</sub> F 25V	
C503,603	QEB41HM-684M	E. Capacitoi	1041 250	1 2
	QFM41HK-122	Mylar Capacitor		
C504,604	QCS12HJ-151		150PF 500V	1 2
C505,605		Ceramic Capacitor		
C506,606	QFM41HJ-153	Mylar Capacitor	0 015μF 50V	- 1
C507,607	"    -183	-		13
0509,609	QFM41HK-154	-		13
C510,610	-562	**		13
C511,611	QFM41HJ-152		0.0056µF *	
L501,601	TAC000324-01	Inductor	18mH	
L502,602	TAC000324-04		5.6mH	
X501,601	2SC828A(R)	Transistor		2
(Bias OSC Circuit)				{
Т3	TAB265401-01	OSC Coil		1
R551	QRD146K-151	C. Resistor	150Ω ¼W	
R552,553	QRD142K-104	-	100kΩ	2
R554	220	**	22Ω 1⁄4W	'
R555,557	QVP8A0B-025	V. Resistor		2
R556,558	015	-		2
C551	QEW41EA-105	E. Capacitor	10μF 50V	1
C552	« -335		3.3µF ≃	1 1

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Rer	marks	Q′1
C553,554	QCS11HK-391	Ceramic Capacitor	390PF	50V	2
C555,556	QFM41HK-272	Mylar Capacitor	0.0027µF	at	2
C557,558	QCS12HK-221	Ceramic Capacitor	220PF	500V	2
C561	QEZ0001472	Polypropylene Capacitor	0.047µF		1
C562	822		ع ب0.0082 F		1 1
L14	T40442-002	Inductor	1mH		1
X51,52	2SC828A(RS)	Transistor	1		2
	TAS271320-01	OSC Case (A)			1
	TAS271479-01	- (B)			1
(Monitor Amp)			1		
R559	QRD143K-4R7	C. Resistor	4.7Ω	¼W	1
R560	QRD142K-221	-	220Ω		1
R561	·· -273		23kΩ	¼W	1
R562	QRD143K-471		470Ω		1
C563	QFM41HK-272	Mylar Capacitor	0.0027µF	50V	1 1
C564	123	4	0.012µF	48	1
C565	QEW41EA-105	E. Capacitor	1μE	25V	1
C566	QCF11HP-102	Ceramic Capacitor	1000PF	50V	1
C567	QEW41CA-226	E. Capacitor	22µF	16V	1
C568	QEW41AA-227		220µF	ev	1
C569	106	an .	10 <sub>4</sub> F	ы	1
C570,571	QCS11HK-561	Ceramic Capacitor	560PF	50V	2
C572	QFM41HK-154	Mylar Capacitor	0.15μF	44	1
C573	QEW21AA-476	E. Capacitor	47µF	16V	1
C574	QEW41AA-227		220µF	10V	1
C575	· -477		470 <sub>4</sub> F	er	1
C576	QCF11HP-103	Ceramic Capacitor	0.01µF	50V	1
IC53	LA4102	IC			1
C577	QCS11HK-471	Ceramic Capacitor	470PF	50V	1
C578	QFM41HK-153	Mylar capacitor	0.015µF	per .	1
C580	QCF41EZ-104	Ceramic Capacitor	0 15μF	**	1
	QMC0657-001	Socket Ass'y	6P		1
	*QMC0457-001		4P		1

# **Mechanical Components**

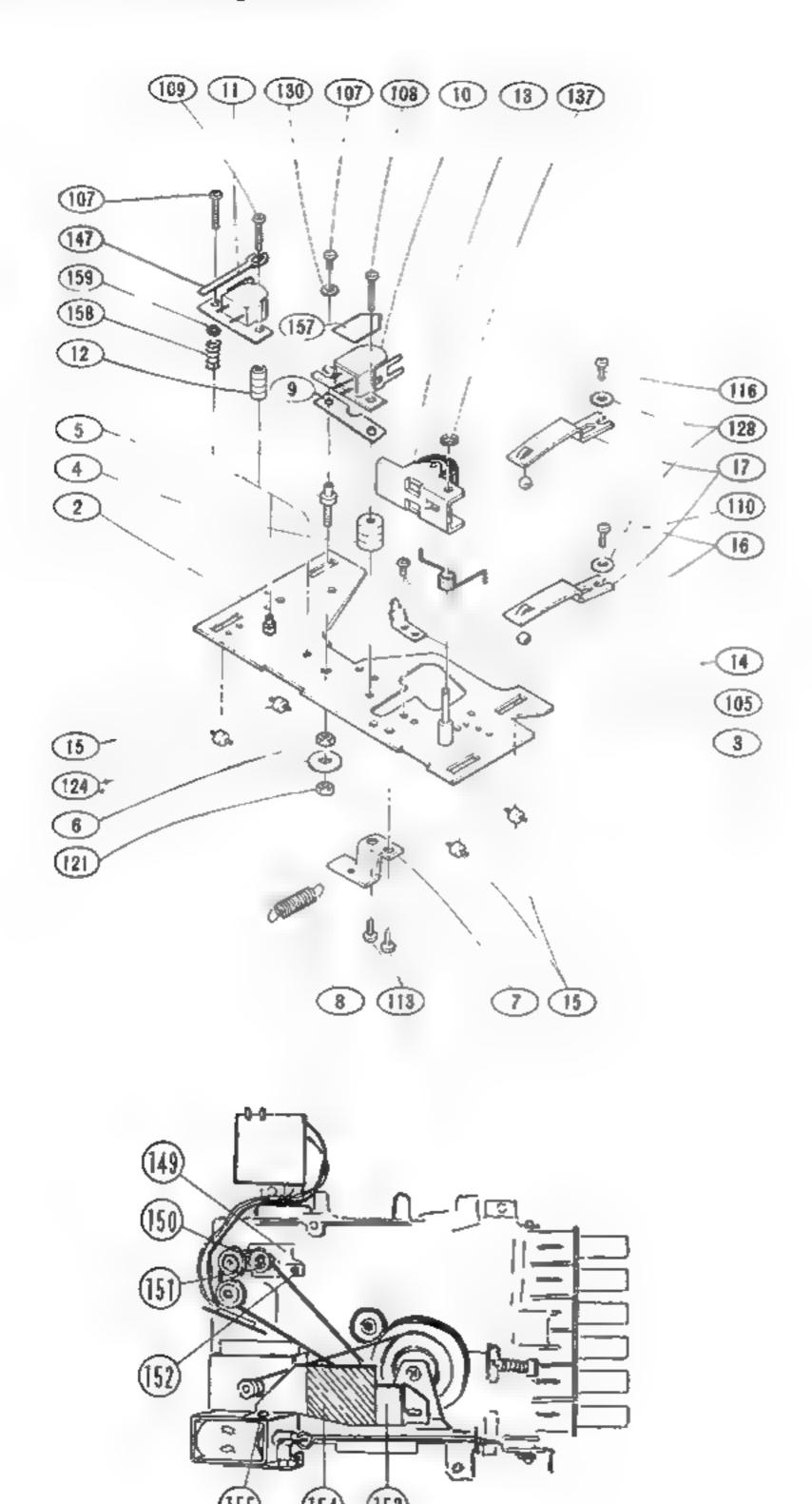


Fig. 40

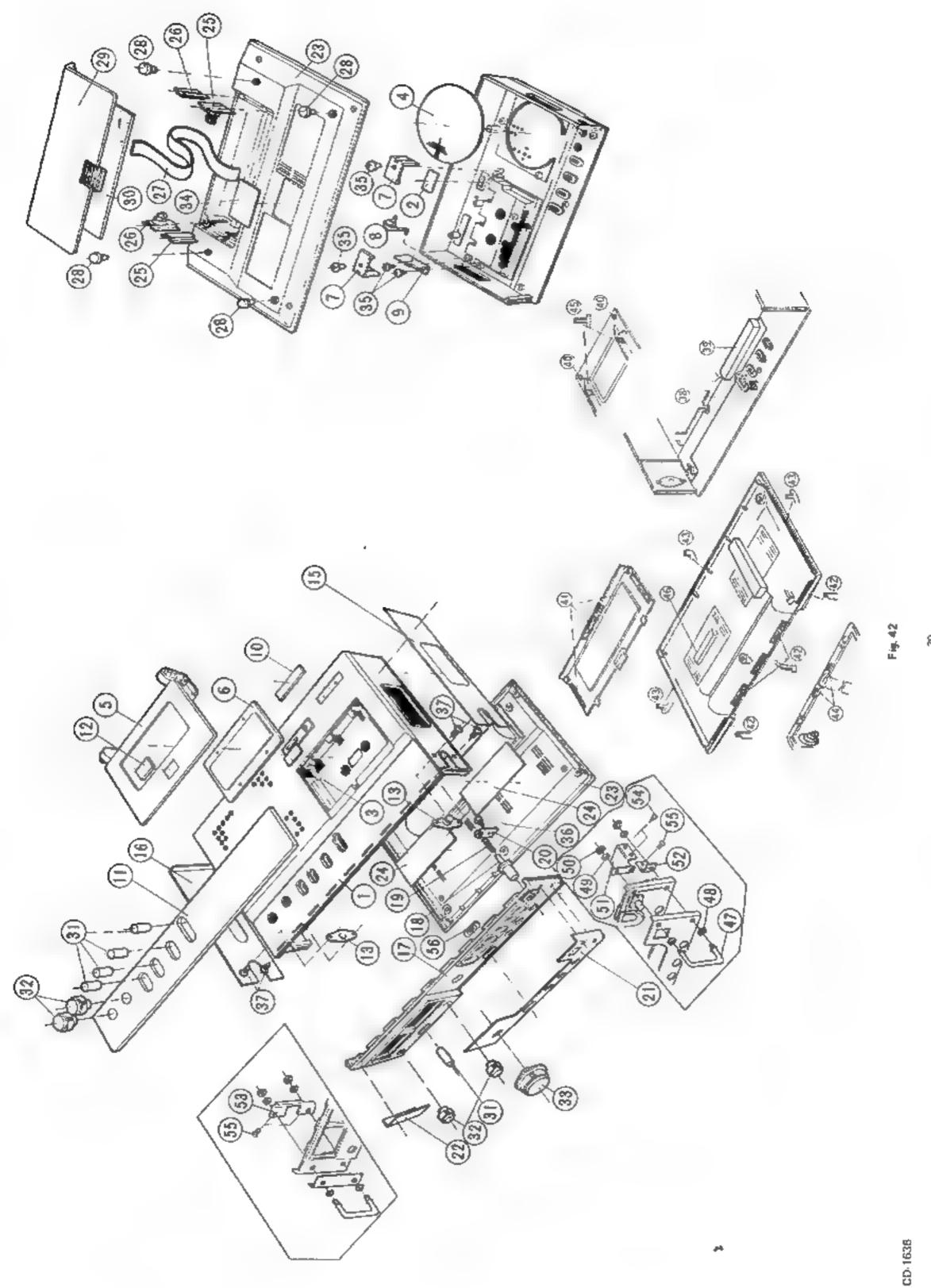
# Mechanical Component List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q't
1	T30987-00F	Chassis Base Ass'y		1
2	T43081-00D	Head Panel Ass'y		1
3	T43080-001	Bracket		1 1
4	T45799-004	Head Stud		1
5	T42045-001	-		1
6	T42046-001	Special Nut		1
7	TFB267475-01	Head Panel Bracket		1
8	160508T	Spring		i
9	1310403T	R.P. Head Spring		- 1 i
10	THC037407-0A	R.P. Head Ass'y		1 1
11	THS265480-0A	E. Head Ass'y		l i
12	TFH267424-03	E. Head Stud		1 1
13	3050485ZT	Pinch Roller Arm Ass'y		1
14	T45138 001	Pinch Roller Spring	1	- I i
15	T42057-001	Head Panel Roller	i	1 4
16	T41615-003	Bowl Bearing	3mm	1 2
17	2010303T	Head Panel Spring		1 2
18	T42674-00A	Reel Disk Ass'y (2)		1
19	TEP267464-01 '	Counter Drive Pulley		1
20	T42059-00C	Reel Disk Ass'y		;
21	T42051-009	Spring		- 1 :
22	TGT271322-0A	Push Button Case Ass'y		- 1 4
23	TJB271314-01	Push Button Base		يٰ ا
24	TJB271506-0A			6
25		Push Button Ass'y		"
- L	# <b>-</b> 08			:
26 27	# -0C	C-vine	fan Cana	1
	T30300-135	Spring	for Cam	1
28	T45809-001	Capstan Metal Ass'y		1
29	T42071-001	Metal Stopper	Barres & arres - Barthan & arres	
30	T30300-120	Spring	Pause Lever — Button Lever	-   !
31	T43084-00C	Lever Ass'y	1	- 1 !
32	4180408T-01	Lock Plate		- 1 !
33	T43070-001	Spring		-   1
34	T42049-003	Ebanbard Analys	1	1 !
35	TEW267429-0D	Flywheel Ass'y		!
36	TFB267474-02	Flywheel Holder		!
37	2380905T	Thrust Bearing		'
38	T42076-001	Brake Arm Spring		6
39	T42077-001	Brake Arm Shaft		4
40	T42075-001	Brake Arm	1	:
41	TGP000465-0B	Take Up Idler Arm Ass'y		;
42 43	T45139-01	Take Up Wheel Spring		
· · ·	T42088-001	Brake Bar		
44	TFB267511-0A	F.F. Idler Arm Ass'y	F.F. Idler - F.F. Lever	1:
45	T30300-120	Spring		
46	T42049-003	_	Brake Bar - F.F. Idler Arm	1
47	5850801T	E E Ame Carinto Bloco	F.F. Idler - F.F. Lever	'
48	T45822-002	F.F. Arm Guide Plate	Data Day E.E. Lillandon	
49	T42049-023	Spring	Brake Bar - F.F. Idler Arm	1
50	T42098-00D	Rew Arm Ass'y	B 1 B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	1
51	T42049-009	Spring	Brake Bar — REW Idler Arm	1
52	T45717-001	Kick Lever		] 1
53	T42105-001	Metal		1
54	T42106 001	Rec Rod		1
55	T42107-001	Rec Lever		1
56	T42105-001	Metal		1
57	T41049-005	Spring		1
58	T40173-019	Cushion		<b>1</b>
59	T42109-001	F.F. Shaft	I	1 1

Fig. 41

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
60	T43654-002	F.F. Lever (3)		1
61	T43068-001	Bracket		1
62	m207-00B	Motor Ass'y		1
63	TFB271487-01	Motor Bracket		1
64	TEB000464-02	Capstan Belt	]	1
65	*TGN304302-0A	Counter Ass'y	1	1
66	T45786-002	Counter Belt	1	1 1
67	TGP271512-0B	Magnet Pulley Ass'y	1	1 1
68	TGB271513-0A	Counter Bracket Ass'y		1 1
69	TDZ271434-01	Magnet		1
70	T1490105T-002	Spring Plate	for Eject	1 1
71	TFB271446-01	Eject Lever Bracket		1
72	TFB271447-01	Eject Lever		1
73	TFB271448-01	Eject Kick Lever		1
74	T30302-036	Coller		4
75	481008T-01	Spring		1
76	TFB271449-01	Stide Bar		1 1
77	TFB271457-0A	Record Bracket Ass'y		1
78	TFB271470-01	Auto Stop Lever		1 1
79	T30300 081	Spring	for Auto Stop Lever	1
80	TFW271475-01	Auto Stop Rod	· ·	1
81	TFB271472-01	Auto Stop Arm		1 1
82	TFH271471-01	Rod		1 1
83	TFB271315-01	C. Board Bracket		Ιi
84	S4709-001 *	Wire Clamp		Ιi
85	04224-0-2	Vinyl Tube		l i
86	04225-L-1.7			l i
87	04224-L-1.7	40		2
88	T30301-100	Spring	for Solenoid	1
89	TFB271500-0A	Solenoid Bracket Ass'y		l i
90	T44546-001	DC. Solenoid		Ιi
91	TFB271450-01	Side Bracket		Ιi
92	TFB271456-0A	Bracket Ass'y	ANRS	l i
93	TFB271413-01	Read Switch Bracket		Ιi
94	TAA271402-07	Read Switch C, Board	i	'1
95	TDS271409-01	Read Switch	1	Ιi
96	TER271414-01	Spacer		1
97	53492	Rubber Bushing		4
98	T30302-063	Coller	<u> </u>	2
99	TFP271491-01	Switch Spring		1
100	TFP271490-01	ANRS Spring Plate		1 4
101	TF8271453-01	Record Lever	for ANRS	1 ;
102	TFB271458-01	Ticcord Level	for REC/PB	1 1
103	TFP271498-01	REC Spring Plate	TOT TIEGE B	1 ;
104	T30515-00B	Switch Ass'y	for Power SW	1 1
105	SPSP2003Z	Screw	TOT TOWER OFF	i i
106	SPSP2004Z	001416	for SW Spring	
107	SPSP2006Z		for Power SW	2
108	SPSP2010Z		TOT TOTAL STA	1
109	SPSP2010Z SPSP2014Z	" "		1 1
110	SPSP2604Z	" n		1
111	LPSP2604Z		ANDS Soring Plate Musting SW	9
111	E1 31 20042	, ,	ANRS Spring Plate, Muting SW Motor SW, FF Arm Guide Plate	9
112	SPSP2605Z	er .		2
113	LPSP2605Z	-	Flywheel Holder	6
114	SPSP2606Z		Kick Lever	6
115	LPSP2606Z	FF .	Lead SW Bracket	3
116	SPSP2608Z	"		1
	SPSP2610Z			2

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
118	SPSP3004ZS	Screw		5
119	LPSP3006ZS			4
120	NNB2000	Nut		2
121	NNB2600N		ŀ	1
122	NTB2600N	_	Brake Arm	Ιi
123	Q03091-130	Washer		4
124	Q03091-150	-		i
125	Q03093-115	_		2
126	Q03093-609			4
127	Q03093-612			- l i
128	WNB2600N	20		2
129	WNS3000Z			3
130	WNE2000		Pause SW, SW Spring	4
131	WNB2600		Lead SW Plate	2
132	REE3000	E, Ring	Record Lever	1 2
133	T30300-131	Spring	ANRS Record Lever	1
134	TDS000334-02	Switch	Pause SW	l i
135	SPSP2008Z	Screw	-	Ιi
136	LPSP2610Z	. **	Lead SW Plate, Motor Bracket	5
137	REE2000	E. Ring	Lock Plate, Takeup Ass'y,	4
-			Pinch Roller, Lever Ass'y	
138	REE1200	H H	Reel Disk	2
139	REE1500	-	Brake Bar	4
140	581009T	Collar		3
141	581006T	Motor Rubber		3
142	T43088-001	Spring		1 1
143	LPSP2504Z	Screw		2
144	TFB271486-01	Button Case Bracket		1
145	T44181-001	Cassette Guide		1
146	021502T	Lug		1
147	T65640-001	Wire Clamp		1
148	T42049-008	Spring		1
149	TGB271514-0A	Pulley Bracket Ass'y		1
150	TGP271512-0A	Magnet Pulley Ass'y		1 1
151	REE2000	E, Ring		1
152	LPSP2004Z	Screw		1
153	TA\$271505-01	Shield Plate		1
154	TJN271504-01	Spacer		1
155	LPSP2603Z	Screw		1
156	Q04109-0-0-7	Vinyl Tube		1
157	THC037417-01	Head Plate		1
158	480408T	Head Spring		1
159	WNS2000N	Washer		- 1 1



CD 1635-2 CD-1638 No. 4145

#### - Continued from page 32 -

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
47	TJL271494-01	Label (B)	for ANRS C. Board	1
48	QCF11HP-103	Ceramic Capacitor	C30 0.01µF Master Volume	1
49	QRD143K-822	C. Resistor	8.2kΩ	2
50	QCF11HP-103	Ceramic Capacitor	Left Bracket & Jack	1
51	53492	Rubber Bushing		2
52	50242-2	Lug		1
53	LPSP2606Z	Screw	for SW Bracket, Switch	4
54	TAZ000452-02	Seal	CD-1635-2E	1
	03		CD-1635-2B	1
55	TAS286401-01	Shield Plate	for Power Transformer	1
			CD-1635-2A/B/E	
56	F4932-002	Special Washer	for Power Transformer	2
57	T42693-00B	Terminal	CD-1635-2B	1 1
58	FG9060-001	Wire Connector	CD-1635-2E	1
59	\$4709-002	Wire Clamp	CD-1635-28	1
60	SPKP3008S	Screw	for Heat Sink	1
			Terminal, CD-1635-2B	2
61	SPBP2610B	-	for AC Jack, CD-1635-2B/E	2
62	TAA305459-01	C. Board	for PIN Jack	1
63	TFB288401-01	Socket Bracket	CD-1635-2U	1
64	LPSP3006Z	Screw	for Bracket, CD-1635-2U	2
65	QMC0306-001	Plug Ass'y	CD-1635-2U	1
66	QMC0733-001	Socket Ass'y	CD-1635-2U	1
67	LPSP3008ZS	Screw	for Socket, CD-1635-2U	2

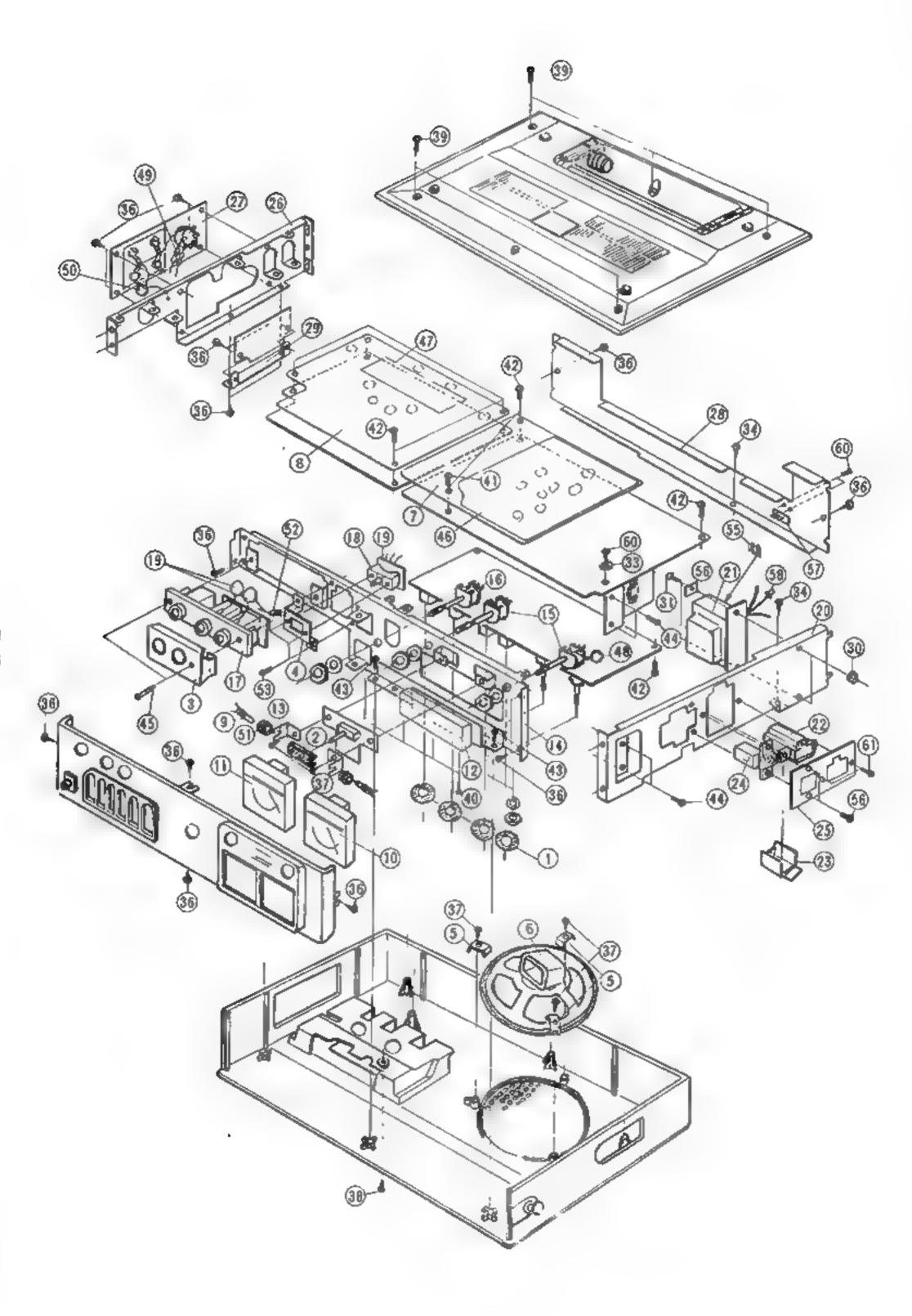
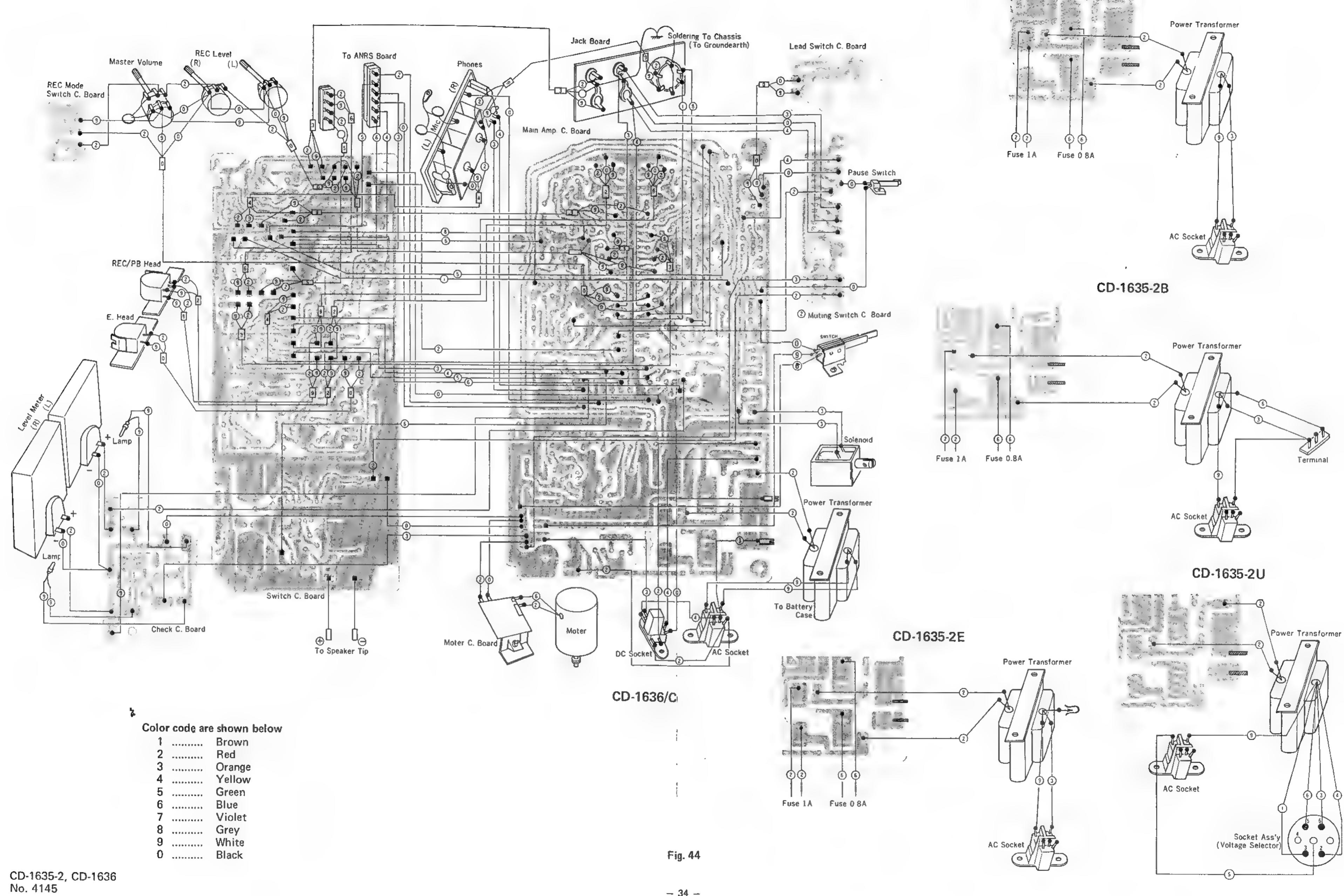


Fig. 43

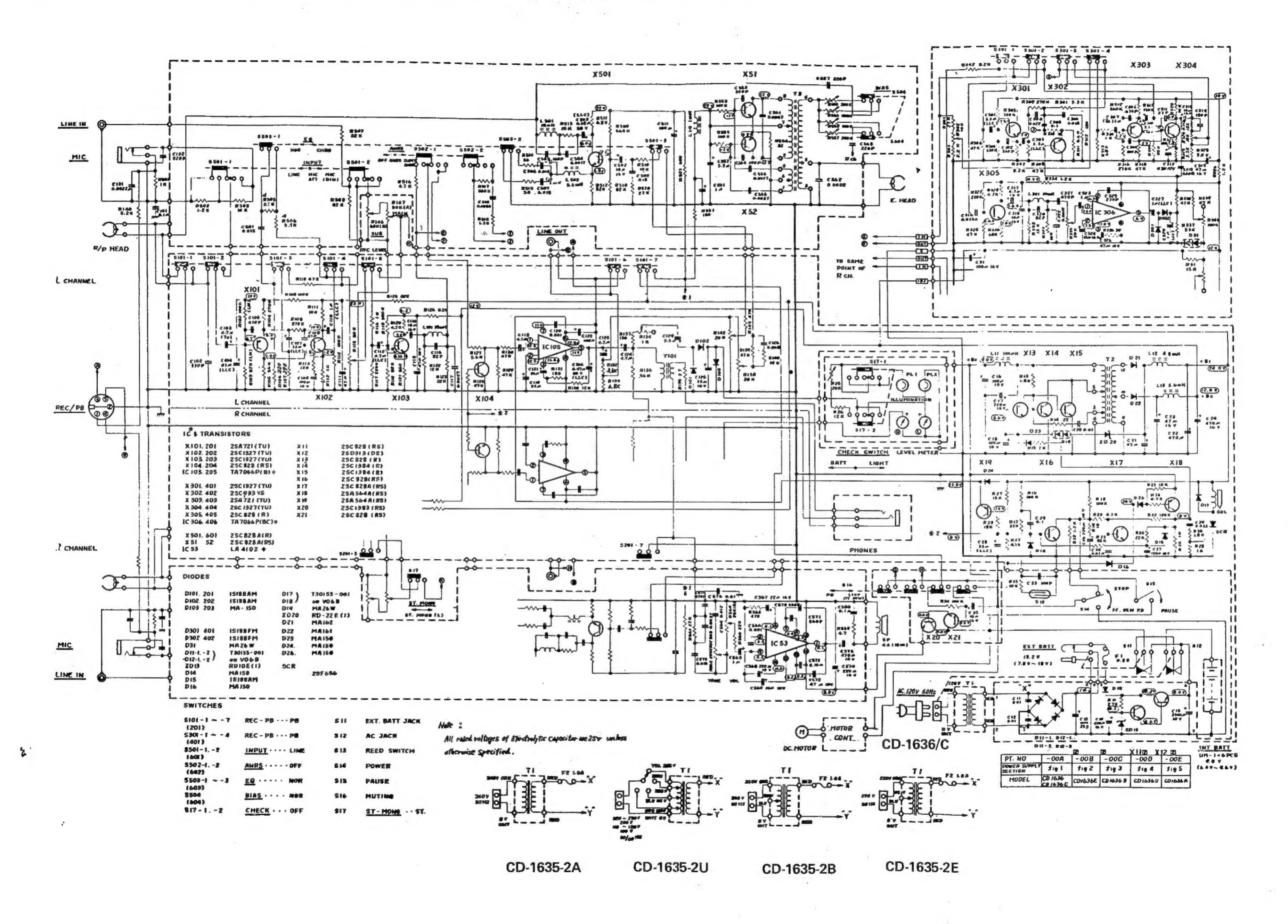
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Wiring

### CD-1635-2A



# Standard Schematic Diagram of CD-1635Mark II & CD-1636



# Accessories

Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q't
T46965-002	Demo Cassette	(DT-626)	1
T30046-00B	Pin Cord Ass'y	CD-1636/C, CD-1635-2A/U	2
CN201	DIN Cord Ass'y	CD-1635-2B/E	1
T47796-00B	Head Cleaning Stick		2
AP4056A-024	Envelope	for H.C. Stick	1
TLT000429-01	Caution Card		1
QMP2540-183	Power Cord	CD-1635-2A	1
QMP9017-006	-	CD-1635-2B	1
QMP1240-183	19	CD-1636/C	1
QMP3950-183	"	CD-1635-2E	1
QMP7640-183	er .	CD-1635-2U	1
TLC271319-08	Band Ass'y		1.
TJL000476-02	ANRS Seal		1
TJL000477-02	Super ANRS Seal		1
T7405E	Instruction Book	CD-1636	1
T7446EGF	44	CD-1635-2A/B/E/U	1
T7566EF	-	CD-1636C	1
T30994-037	Feature Tag	CD-1636	1
BT20029	Warranty Card	CD-1635-2A	1
TLT052401-01	Warning Label	CD-1635-2A/B/E	1
TLT000443-01	Seal	CD-1635-2A/B/E/U, CD-1636/C	1
BT20013	Guarantee Certificate	CD-1635-2B	1
QZL1002-003	Warning label	for P. Cord, CD-1635-28	1
TLT000462-02	B.S. Caution	for 2-cove Cord, CD-1635-2B	1
T46328-003	Caution Card	CD-1635-2B	1
T46328-001		CD-1635-2U	1
BT20025	Warranty Card	CD-1636C	1
T44362-001	CSA Marker	CD-1636C	1
TLT279401-01	Caution Label	CD-1635-2E (for French market)	1
QZL1031-001	SEV Seal	CD-1635-2E	1 1
TLT279402-01	SS Label	CD-1635-2E	1

# **Packing**

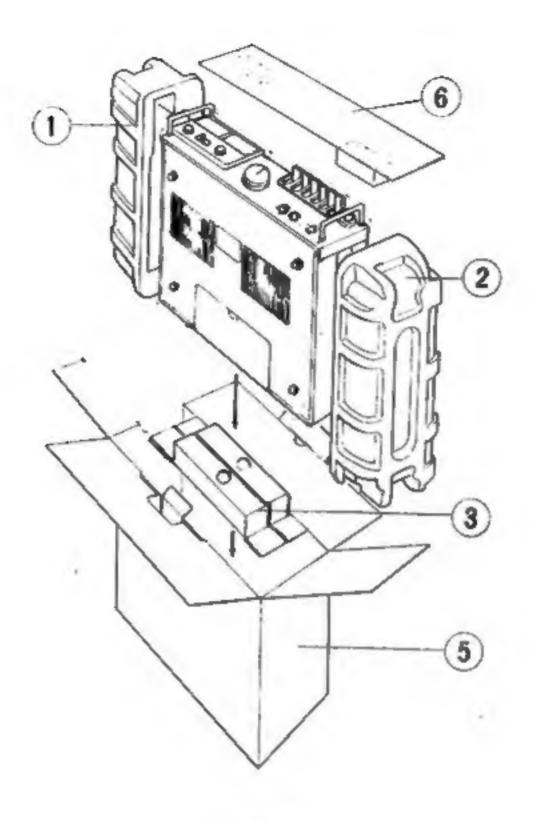


Fig. 45

### **Packing List**

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Parts Name	Remarks	Q'ty
1~5	*TKB271323-0C	Packing Case Ass'y		1set
1	*TKC271104-01	Cushion (L)	Left	1
2	*TKC271105-01	" (R)	Right	1 1
3	*TKB271323-04	Battery Case		l i
5	*TKB271323-08	Case	]	l i
	T6800-00Q	Envelope	for Set	1 i
	AP4056A-046	#	for Power Cord	l i
	AP4056A-077		for Instruction Book	1 1
6	*TKC304422-01	Cushion		l i

